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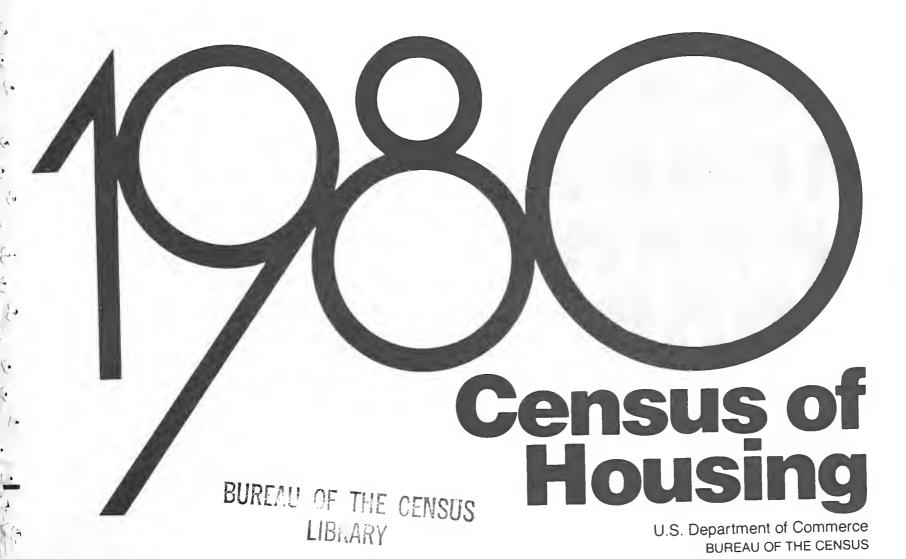
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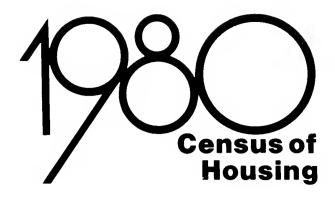
## Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

BOISE CITY, IDAHO

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



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**VOLUME 2** 

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# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

## **BOISE CITY, IDAHO**

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Issued October 1983

U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary Robert G. Dederick, Under Secretary for **Economic Affairs** 

**BUREAU OF THE CENSUS** C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director



## BUREAU OF THE CENSUS C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION
Arthur F. Young, Chief

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#### **APPENDIXES**

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#### **GENERAL**

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States

Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

#### CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

## DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year, for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

## SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

## SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

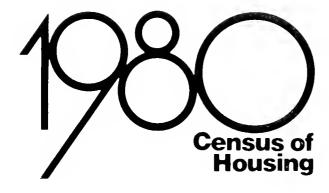
To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

## **BOISE CITY, IDAHO**

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-97

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	Arrangement of Tables
1	This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more.
	The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for
	each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for
200	all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant
í	units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate
L	race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish
7	origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown
į	only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII
	of the Introduction for further information. To assist the
	reader in using this report, the listings are presented as
	follows:

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which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear	IX
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SMSA total Boise City	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

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(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

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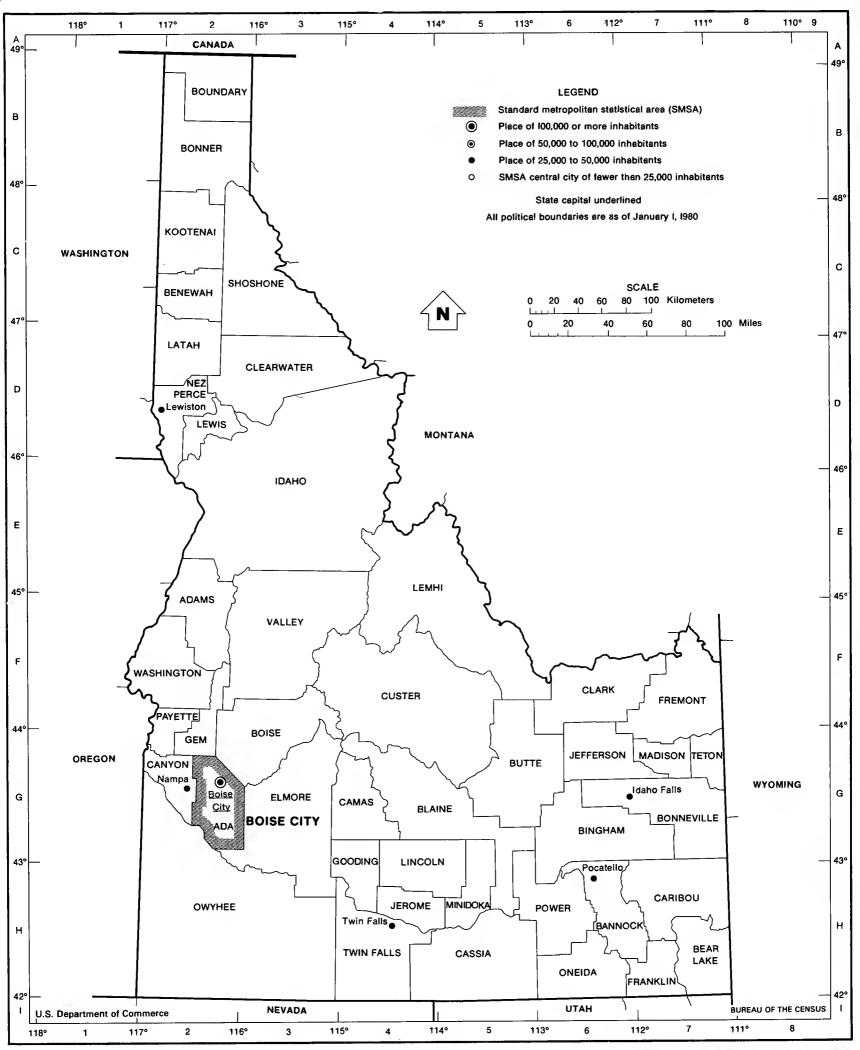
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## Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium			_		_	_
Year moved into unit	1	2	3	4	5	6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1	2			5	6
Persons in unit		_	_	_	5	6
Bedrooms	1 1	2 2	_ 3	4	_ 5	6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Units in structure Year structure built	_ 1	2 2	_		_ 5	_ 
Stories in structure	-	2	_	-		
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS	1	2	3	4		
Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS  Heating equipment	1	2	3	4	5	6
Air conditioning.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Vehicles available	-	_	3	4	_	_
House heating fuel	_ _	_ _	3	-	5 -	-
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Value		-	_	_	5	6
Price asked	-	_	<del>-</del>	_	_	
monthly owner costs	-	_	3	_	_	_
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income		_ i	_		5	6
Contract rent	_	_	_	4	_	_
Gross rent	_			4	_	-
Rent asked	_ :	_	_	_	_	_
household income	_	2	_	4	_	-
Mortgage status and selected monthly						
owner costs as percentage of household income	1	_	3	_	_	-
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS						
Household type by age of householder	1	2	3	4	5	6
Income	1	_ ]	_	-	_	-
Income below poverty level	1	2	_	-	<del>-</del>	_
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the group.						
White	14	15	16	17	18	19
Black	25	26	27	28	29	30
American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	36	37	38	39	40	41
Asian and Pacific Islander	47	48	49	50	51	52
Spanish origin	58	59	60	61	62	63

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	- 7	8 8	<u>-</u>	_ _		_ _ _	_ _ _
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	_ 10 _ _		12 - 12 12	- - 13 -
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 - -	_ _ _	9 - -	- - -	11 - -	12 12 —	13 13 —
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS  Heating equipment	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	- - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	12 - - - -	_ _ _ _ _
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS  Value	-	- -	9 -	-	- - 11	_ 12 _	-
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	- - -	- - -	9 - 9 -	- - - -	11 - 11 -	- - - 12	- - - -
Gross rent as percentage of household income Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	-	-	9	10	11 -	_	-
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS  Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 8 8	_ 9 9		_ 11 11	_ _ _	- - -
The table numbers listed above show data f the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro	or all househoup comprises	olds. Similar o	data are showr f the area pop	n in the tables listed ulation. For furthe	d below when there r explanation, see t	are 10,000 or the Introductio	more persons of n on page VII.
White	20 31	21 32	22 33	23 34	24 35	<u>-</u>	_
American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut	42 53 64	43 54 65	44 55 66	45 56 67	46 57 68	. – – –	

## Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, Counties, and Selected Places



#### CORRECTION NOTE

Corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units have been made to some of the areas shown in this report. These corrections can be found in the correction note in PC80-1-A1, Number of Inhabitants, United States Summary; the PC80-1-B, General Population Characteristics; HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics individual State reports and the United States Summary.

#### NOTE TO USERS:

- In tables where the median age for total persons in owner-occupied and renter-occupied housing units is shown as <del>851</del>, the correct entry should be three dots (...).
- 2. The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

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Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dallars)	Mean (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	35 658	148	668	1 837	4 230	7 357	6 291	8 794	3 335	2 340	658	54 900	61 800
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	27 305 886 7 679 6 818 8 930 2 992	<b>82</b> 9 1 36 27	329 22 20 44 149 94	921 11 97 110 315 388	2 544 181 751 384 704 524	5 513 383 1 940 873 1 688 629	4 916 170 1 677 1 031 1 576 462	7 471 83 2 177 2 162 2 488 561	2 858 8 592 1 069 1 009 180	2 <b>065</b> 19 344 872 746 84	606 	58 500 45 200 55 500 67 900 60 000 47 500	65 200 47 300 60 800 75 700 66 900 52 600
Mole householder, na wife present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 yeors 65 years and over	2 672 231 1 064 432 514 431	8 - - - 8	85 5 - 13 67	244 25 48 13 74 84	546 65 246 46 119 70	582 70 288 98 79 47	407 49 195 62 52 49	489 10 220 126 78 55	166 5 52 56 29 24	110 2 5 11 65 27	35   - 10 20 5	47 600 42 500 47 600 59 300 47 800 38 000	54 000 44 300 53 100 65 200 58 600 44 800
Female householder, no husband present	5 681 199 977 809 1 628 2 068	58 20 - - 5 33	254 22 39 - 34 159	672 18 45 24 197 388	1 140 56 217 126 274 467	1 262 41 310 202 330 379	968 13 179 151 332 293	834 9 135 190 272 228	311 11 36 69 114 81	165 9 16 39 61 40	17 - 8 9	45 600 37 300 45 600 52 800 49 100 39 800	48 900 40 300 48 500 59 600 52 300 43 200
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	6 641 13 366 5 869 5 157 4 625	59.5 49 8 7 17 67	64.3 41 82 145 164 236	105 269 366 414 683	508 1 445 649 702 926	39.6 1 303 2 858 1 059 1 158 979	1 273 2 408 953 900 757	1 929 3 607 1 563 1 095 600	767 1 418 601 360 189	525 992 410 270 143	141 279 116 77 45	60 400 58 200 57 400 51 100 43 900	67 200 65 000 62 700 57 400 48 300
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	692 3 178 7 323 8 467 6 075	19 62 39 12	142 252 203 39 27	157 732 576 243 83	148 1 026 1 615 872 328	119 543 2 506 2 370 1 041	43 258 1 351 2 285 1 094	51 221 808 2 036 2 450	7 51 142 431 691	- 28 74 156 311	6 5 9 23 43	31 900 35 700 44 700 52 800 63 000	35 400 37 900 46 400 55 500 65 600
8 or more rooms	9 923 6.3	9 4.4 6	5 4.3	46 4.6 24	241 5.1	778 5.7	1 260 6.2	3 228 7.0	2 013 7.9	1 771 8.5+	572 8.5+	76 000	85 500
1	999 6 890 18 109 7 667 1 922	27 83 32 -	132 446 69 15	223 1 050 482 58	257 1 897 1 776 249 37	211 1 511 4 695 834 91	65 800 4 301 934 191	66 741 4 680 2 757 550	18 225 1 225 1 495 372	119 711 1 011 499	18 138 314 182	34 500 39 900 54 100 72 300 84 100	36 000 43 700 59 100 79 500 95 400
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	10 482 5 955 5 618 5 568 3 434 4 601	9 27 9 16 31 56	23 44 34 99 122 346	69 107 152 411 469 629	497 414 563 970 864 922	1 420 1 362 1 265 1 549 799 962	1 998 999 1 119 1 052 487 636	3 505 1 782 1 521 904 426 656	1 557 679 487 311 139 162	1 074 445 385 198 69 169	330 96 83 58 28 63	66 200 60 200 56 300 48 500 42 400 44 000	73 500 65 400 63 100 53 800 47 100 49 200
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$24,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or mare Median Median	1 866 3 375 2 326 2 340 5 308 5 806 8 081 4 343 2 213 \$22 161 \$25 180	23 85 34 - 6 - 6 - - 56 6 7 6 86 87 612	184 185 87 56 95 11 33 17 - \$9 159 \$10 712	358 507 207 168 248 194 103 32 20 \$10 646 \$13 097	469 741 525 406 846 549 508 167 19 \$14 840 \$16 107	289 734 595 729 1 587 1 368 1 456 462 462 137 \$19 070 \$20 513	218 483 392 416 1 062 1 370 1 660 550 140 \$21 989 \$22 801	182 411 370 409 1 067 1 599 2 793 1 488 475 \$26 120 \$27 684	66 112 44 88 212 465 1 001 908 439 \$31 774 \$33 723	71 102 57 63 159 190 464 581 653 \$36 054 \$41 070	6 15 15 5 32 54 63 138 330 \$50 219 \$77 561	38 100 42 100 44 900 47 100 49 300 55 000 61 600 71 600 95 000	43 800 46 100 48 300 51 000 53 600 59 700 65 300 78 100 106 500
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage	<b>28 120</b> 7 466	<b>35</b> 15	131 26	7 <b>48</b> 200	<b>2 863</b> 756	<b>5 990</b>	<b>5 200</b> 1 313	7 <b>659</b> 2 030	2 912 809	2 <b>050</b> 609	532 205	58 000 59 200	64 700 66 800
15 to 19 percent	5 258 5 5 258 6 3 586 2 047 4 401 107 21.2	10 - 10 - 16.3	28 23 11 - 43 -	140 99 69 88 146 6	491 497 340 286 484 9	1 182 1 220 783 410 866 26 21.2	964 994 655 389 878 7	1 398 1 461 1 014 547 1 186 23 21.3	566 609 367 191 364 6	372 302 281 87 369 30 20.5	107 50 66 39 65 -	58 200 57 700 58 800 54 600 57 200 70 200	64 800 62 700 65 300 61 400 64 000 77 100
Net mortgaged  Less than 10 percent  10 to 14 percent  15 to 19 percent  20 to 24 percent  25 to 29 percent  30 to 34 percent  35 percent or more  Not computed  Medion	7 538 3 472 1 616 925 471 278 235 499 42	113 21 40 44 - 1 7 - -	537 202 126 45 81 17 33 33 33 -	1 089 394 234 149 66 55 51 132 8 13.1	1 367 506 306 219 113 59 64 95 5	1 367 662 281 207 87 33 26 71	1 091 515 193 147 59 56 41 80 -	1 135 639 279 95 28 36 6 42 10	423 293 82 14 	290 156 48 - 37 13 - 31 5	126 84 27 5 - 10 - 10	44 500 49 200 43 600 40 200 38 100 41 500 36 200 38 900 78 300	50 900 56 700 49 500 41 600 42 900 47 200 36 500 46 900 72 500
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	35 625 353 33	139 - 9	656 19 12	1 833 33 4	4 222 49 8	7 <b>35</b> 7 96 -	6 <b>291</b> 58	8 7 <b>94</b> 77 -	3 335 15 -	2 340 - - -	658 6 -	54 900 47 400 13 100	61 800 51 600 17 000
1.01 or more persons per room  Neating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	35 637 31 353 22 302 15 590 1 553 4.4	148 64 103 27 24 16.2	668 349 234 43 108 16.2	1 837 1 397 800 231 251 13.7	4 224 3 480 1 730 524 320 7.6	7 357 6 336 3 867 1 718 251 3.4	6 291 5 659 3 875 2 651 221 3.5	8 794 8 123 6 484 5 482 215 2.4	3 329 3 156 2 680 2 465 72 2.2	2 340 2 174 2 033 1 929 79 3.4	649 615 576 520 12 1.8	54 900 56 700 61 500 68 800 43 000	61 700 63 400 68 000 76 000 49 300

#### Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Tatal	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Median (dollars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	18 112	665	1 071	2 507	3 693	4 102	2 592	1 152	1 237	522	571	260
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, ne wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, ne husband present 15 to 24 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over 55 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age  YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	6 121 1 660 2 481 804 747 429 5 201 1 709 2 066 553 628 245 6 790 2 189 1 892 719 766 1 224 29.3	60 16 14 7 5 18 204 25 31 2 69 77 401 16 56 17 18 294 68.3	177 43 70 70 14 50 420 91 177 33 89 30 474 123 125 23 66 137 30.4	618 219 244 33 70 52 888 301 345 65 115 62 1 001 445 269 98 144 27.7	930 385 300 80 117 48 1 250 422 559 110 139 20 1 513 609 437 145 147 175 27.4	1 391 443 586 143 136 83 1 071 395 430 166 73 7 1 640 597 489 193 217 144 27.9	1 113 223 479 146 113 52 697 283 290 72 46 6 782 239 252 138 81 72 28.5	543 133 240 102 44 4 261 101 85 43 32 - 348 74 140 72 31 30.4	726 20 375 173 127 31 212 56 79 39 26 12 299 47 91 48 32 81 34.2	310 14 110 107 66 13 78 13 32 5 28 - 134 5 27 36 33 33 38.8	253 64 63 13 55 58 120 22 38 18 11 31 198 34 6 2 43 113	291 264 300 345 302 267 242 251 242 270 222 150 247 242 256 279 255 192
1979 to March 1980	12 398 4 181 872 459 202	293 170 165 31 6	577 289 134 38 33	1 553 670 152 109 23	2 518 948 135 66 26	3 043 888 97 60 14	2 028 478 54 13	914 199 18 21 -	890 286 26 35	385 92 39 -	197 161 52 86 75	268 247 182 209 203
ROOMS   1 room   2 rooms   3 rooms   3 rooms   4 rooms   5 rooms   6 rooms   7 or more rooms   Median   PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM   1 rooms   1 rooms	505 1 201 3 507 6 722 3 326 1 570 1 281 4.1	100 177 205 136 19 18 10 2.8	157 210 346 246 57 44 11 3.0	89 327 1 107 607 253 80 44 3.3	63 4 265 1 1 055 1 1 664 4 458 124 64 3.8	18 139 480 2 362 773 203 127 4.1	39 151 1 246 768 242 146 4.4	10 8 36 193 412 287 206 5.3	56 15 21 104 357 401 283 5.7	6 5 21 29 85 79 297 6.8	6 16 85 135 144 92 93 4.8	146 181 203 265 302 355 397
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979  All Income levels in 1979  Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 112 17 856 11 639 5 740 372 105 256 80 159 9 8 8 3 415 3 347 128 68	665 592 472 120 - - 73 23 50 - - 387 363 - - 24	1 071 964 671 267 - 26 107 37 61 9 - 252 225 16 27	2 507 2 470 1 656 778 22 14 37 20 17 - - 568 551 12 17	3 693 3 673 2 554 1 034 69 16 20  20  598 598 29 	4 102 4 088 2 862 1 132 94 - 14 - 6 - 8 8 733 733 28 -	2 592 2 587 1 636 867 72 12 5 - - 5 395 395 20	1 152 1 152 581 513 42 16 	1 237 1 237 512 663 47 15 - - - 179 179 9	522 522 2266 210 26 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	571 571 409 156 - 6 - - - 134 134	260 261 254 279 301 222 120 113 123 145 263 237 240 259 116
BEDROOMS None	720 5 079 8 731 2 910 557 115	136 372 128 29 - -	228 555 229 47 6	177 1 436 755 127 12	75 1 598 1 748 254 18	18 726 3 023 290 40	149 1 950 437 56	18 45 423 541 102 23	56 45 196 771 153	6 42 63 247 130 34	6 111 216 167 40	148 204 276 367 416 450
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached	7 547 2 401 2 307 1 469 2 280 1 070 1 038	63 9 65 109 168 241 10	382 41 199 155 161 78 55	719 292 450 403 378 96 169	1 287 432 610 273 550 149 392	1 281 649 633 374 693 264 208	1 179 628 271 123 192 111 88	858 176 33 22 32 19	977 108 20 6 63 60 3	423 35 17 - 20 27 -	378 - 31 - 9 - 4 - 23 - 25 - 101	294 284 238 213 240 238 226
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	4 845 3 406 2 976 2 426 2 141 2 318	267 177 68 13 41 99	187 147 113 119 143 362	299 339 371 439 376 683	671 710 659 538 648 467	1 311 981 77.5 477 323 235	1 010 510 339 321 233 179	400 123 172 194 181 82	422 219 283 177 77 59	227 111 91 33 43 17	51 89 105 115 76 135	288 266 263 255 234 196
STORIES IN STRUCTURE  1 to 3  4 or more  With elevator  GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	17 621 491 458	423 242 231	1 001 70 70	2 457 50 39	3 682 11 -	4 102 - -	2 583 9 9	1 142 10 10	1 164 73 73	502 20 20	565 6 6	261 101 98
INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median	2 339 2 575 2 670 2 189 1 664 2 543 3 328 804 27.4	161 78 140 118 69 34 47 18 23.0	228 167 154 159 66 171 109 17 24.3	428 415 422 270 198 271 466 37 24.6	554 579 476 480 324 532 717 31 27.3	480 528 579 537 489 552 864 73 29.0	284 430 418 321 258 413 423 45 27.2	68 178 151 165 131 217 236 6 30.4	98 138 259 115 86 248 287 6 30.3	38 62 71 24 43 105 179 - 36.8	571	234 254 262 256 268 272 269 256
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Centrol heoting system Air cenditioning Centrol system	18 084 15 580 9 743 4 049	<b>665</b> 598 <b>359</b> 115	1 <b>053</b> 800 <b>319</b> 73	2 501 1 998 821 241	3 689 3 022 1 875 517	4 102 3 727 2 671 797	2 592 2 344 1 639 943	1 152 1 047 652 387	1 237 1 117 692 472	522 494 363 324	571 433 352 180	260 265 275 310

#### Table A-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

			··· • · ··	anitodociion.		usehold incor				,,,		•	
The SMSA	Tatal	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 ta \$19,999	\$20,000 ta \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dallars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	44 330	2 738	4 891	3 167	3 077	6 717	6 751	9 354	5 009	2 626	21 131	24 199	2 331
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families	<b>32 749</b> 1 277	<b>715</b> 21	<b>2 301</b> 125	1 737 136	1 <b>950</b> 135	<b>5 155</b> 410	5 641 288	<b>8 283</b> 139	<b>4 606</b> 15	<b>2 361</b> 8	<b>24 001</b> 17 163	<b>27 423</b> 18 065	<b>941</b> 24
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	8 634 7 783 10 917 4 138 3 875	139 127 175 253 <b>391</b>	336 248 533 1 059 <b>551</b>	4 <b>76</b> 233 385 507 <b>352</b>	605 233 517 460 <b>40</b> 9	1 836 866 1 372 671 <b>637</b>	1 897 1 430 1 671 355 <b>495</b>	2 356 2 502 2 845 441 <b>614</b>	685 1 430 2 282 194 223	304 714 1 137 198 <b>203</b>	22 518 27 651 27 619 13 859 <b>16 589</b>	24 779 30 547 31 609 18 908 20 212	271 259 184 203 <b>246</b>
15 to 24 years	410 1 407 650 836 572	44 53 27 69 198	74 126 44 127 180	77 123 31 64 57	76 175 40 74 44	56 352 88 103 38	32 222 139 78 24	39 239 138 173 25	7 77 63 70 6	5 40 80 78 —	12 829 17 963 22 755 18 716 6 719	16 082 20 047 28 571 23 417 9 390	27 49 27 46 97
Female householder, no husband present	7 706 331 1 329 1 106 2 238 2 702	1 632 44 161 100 290 1 037	2 039 128 216 223 575 897	1 078 54 250 192 313 269	718 21 152 188 251 106	9 <b>25</b> 40 241 197 297 150	615 14 105 88 271 137	457 30 151 68 142 66	180  14 39 87 40	62  39 11 12	9 821 13 117 13 005 12 029 6 435	12 503 11 825 15 923 14 596 14 273 8 581	1 144 45 190 125 252 532
Median age	44.1	66.9	61.4	45.3	43.1	38.1	38.9	40.5	46.0	46.3	•••	•••	52.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT  1979 to March 1980  1975 to 1978  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1959 or earlier	8 442 16 764 7 509 6 209 5 406	341 639 439 423 896	717 1 402 871 821 1 080	692 1 080 449 426 520	697 1 096 509 382 393	1 400 2 742 1 028 843 704	1 445 2 910 1 010 818 568	1 768 3 977 1 652 1 294 663	841 1 934 1 033 798 403	541 984 518 404 179	21 315 22 470 22 200 21 067 13 817	24 488 25 142 25 455 24 914 18 259	374 760 393 315 489
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room	44 255 538 75 6	2 725 19 13	4 881 47 10 6	3 158 31 9	3 062 24 15	6 700 156 17	6 740 43 11	<b>9 354</b> 131 —	5 009 62 -	2 626 25 -	21 152 19 677 13 417 8 750	24 219 23 238 12 303 9 665	2 314 59 17
Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available	44 304 38 963 28 227 19 394 43 251 10 228	2 738 2 203 1 281 706 2 162 1 409	4 891 3 933 2 613 1 457 4 544 2 433	3 161 2 682 1 679 849 3 085 1 258	3 077 2 717 1 576 933 3 055 1 044	6 717 5 721 4 044 2 356 6 676 1 576	6 746 5 990 4 307 3 054 6 751 1 051	9 345 8 581 6 513 4 764 9 350 954	5 009 4 627 3 940 3 232 5 002 322	2 620 2 509 2 274 2 043 2 626 181	21 126 21 818 23 397 25 633 21 510 12 534	24 193 24 989 27 016 29 841 24 650 15 229	2 331 1 901 1 111 663 1 960 977
2 or more	33 023 44 304 17 730 553 15 378 7 117	753 <b>2 738</b> 1 229 51 679 595	2 111 4 891 2 139 122 1 224 1 051	1 827 3 161 1 309 48 989 558	2 011 3 077 1 265 61 1 032 475	5 100 6 717 2 366 90 2 421 1 105	5 700 6 746 2 731 69 2 525 806	8 396 9 <b>345</b> 3 733 44 3 539 1 388	4 680 5 009 1 940 32 1 887 770	2 445 2 620 1 018 36 1 082 369	24 127 21 126 21 020 14 775 22 554 18 907	27 568 24 193 23 692 18 903 25 673 23 572	983 2 331 1 026 52 708 380
Other	3 526 6.1	184 <b>4.7</b>	355 <b>4.9</b>	257 <b>5.3</b>	244 <b>5.5</b>	735 <b>5.7</b>	615 <b>6.2</b>	641 <b>6.6</b>	380 <b>7.3</b>	115 <b>7.9</b>	19 910	22 341	165 <b>5.1</b>
Specified owner-occupied housing units MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	35 658	1 866	3 375	2 326	2 340	5 308	5 806	8 081	4 343	2 213	22 161	25 180	1 553
With a mortgaga Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	28 120 1 626 2 812 3 083	<b>797</b> 94 178 79	1 691 326 370 235	1 607 221 251 259	1 <b>768</b> 146 278 298	4 291 267 448 595	5 <b>031</b> 238 416 463	<b>7 236</b> 233 604 <b>6</b> 76	3 787 75 223 359	1 <b>912</b> 26 44 119	23 861 15 419 18 061 20 769	26 873 17 418 20 203 23 145	9 <b>16</b> 81 146 87
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	3 431 3 683 5 739 3 657 2 542	96 76 116 52 66	200 206 133 113 67	128 265 248 128 81	270 210 327 152 67	749 629 932 387 179	630 839 1 226 765 374	827 937 1 665 1 136 769	413 384 791 530 625	118 137 301 394 314	21 950 22 301 24 360 25 826 29 177	24 236 24 347 26 382 30 825 34 228	131 107 151 85 90
\$750 or more Median	1 547 \$392	40 \$325	41 \$282	26 \$328	20 \$330	105 \$357	80 \$396	389 \$418	387 \$444	459 \$554	31 044	48 617	38 \$356
Not mortgoged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	7 538 229 739 1 447 1 864 1 533 1 163 372	1 069 77 270 265 228 93 97 26	1 684 97 225 484 458 240 115 36	719 15 69 174 201 163 86	572 11 36 91 172 140 93	1 017 29 90 206 244 242 153 36	775 - 8 94 207 193 152 88	36 87 204 249 198 59	556 - 5 39 118 144 179 71	301 - 7 32 69 90 30	13 798 6 769 6 637 9 744 13 154 17 658 20 884 22 246	18 867 7 438 8 959 12 136 16 734 21 147 24 525 30 735	637 72 161 146 102 59 65 24
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	191 \$118	13 \$93	29 \$102	\$113	14 \$122	17 \$119	33 \$135	12 \$135	\$145	73 \$174	23 687	66 865	8 \$90
OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage	28 120	797	1 691	1 607	1 768	4 291	5 031	7 236	3 787	1 912	23 861	26 873	916
Less than 15 percent	7 466 5 258 5 255 3 586 2 047 4 401	5 - 5 - 680	22 42 92 165 204 1 166	31 92 260 261 166 797	25 220 344 357 246 576	359 724 998 902 608 700	878 1 064 1 435 906 451 297	2 439 1 990 1 537 784 325	2 171 846 524 175 47 24	1 536 280 65 31	34 879 26 856 23 097 20 538 18 203 11 112	41 647 28 812 24 084 21 514 18 818 11 630	6 11 14 2 776
Not computed  Medion  Not mortgaged  Less than 10 percent	107 21.2 <b>7 538</b> 3 472	107 50+ 1 069	44.5 1 <b>684</b> 134	34.8 <b>719</b> 171	29.1 <b>572</b> 205	25.4 1 <b>017</b> 678	22.0 <b>775</b> 611	18.0 <b>845</b> 816	14.0 556 556	10.6 <b>301</b> 301	2500—  13 798 24 408	-1 694  18 867 30 667	107 50+ <b>637</b> 8
10 to 14 percent	1 616 925 471 278 235 499 42	51 96 161 111 189 419 42	464 567 252 141 46 80	373 137 27 11 	284 54 20 9 	284 38 11 6 -	131 33 - - - -	29 - - - - -	- - - -	-	11 964 7 911 6 136 5 583 3 876 3 554 2500—	12 521 8 757 6 706 6 086 3 880 3 391 -949	10 64 51 49 90 323 42
Not computed Median	10.9	32.5	17.2	12.5	11.4	10-	10-	10-	10-	10-		-/-/	38.4

#### Table A -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Но	usehold incor	ne in 1979			:			
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-accupied housing units	18 809	3 378	4 873	2 622	1 816	2 701	1 541	1 272	404	202	11 100	13 179	3 498
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male house/holder, no wife prosent 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	6 570 1 695 2 638 884 864 489 5 336 1 753 2 105 579 644 255 6 903 2 220 1 913 731 784 1 255 29.5	342 118 113 50 26 35 894 253 288 63 137 153 2 142 619 481 175 176 691 32.0	1 175 422 363 69 136 185 1 336 543 517 67 140 69 2 362 899 554 209 345 355 28.0	1 003 300 477 55 126 45 684 282 259 71 66 6 935 309 377 113 80 56 28.0	788 277 264 87 78 82 503 213 211 27 40 12 525 128 205 82 57 53 28.0	1 350 372 577 215 127 59 868 272 371 120 105 - 483 139 154 88 81 21 29.1	955 133 478 230 89 25 352 58 171 65 49 9 234 67 84 42 13 28 31.6	623 60 295 91 150 27 460 101 192 114 47 6 189 48 52 22 24 43 32.5	241 13 51 75 83 19 138 23 70 31 14 - 25 11 6 - 8	93 20 12 49 12 101 8 26 21 46 - - - - - 8	14 927 12 568 15 856 18 731 17 062 11 361 10 714 12 389 17 261 11 705 4 473 7 470 9 400 9 611 8 238 4 711	16 646 13 185 16 821 19 857 21 162 13 913 14 539 12 555 14 341 20 504 18 600 6 014 8 840 9 811 9 976 9 372 7 006	577 147 251 87 57 35 845 326 262 44 141 72 2 076 735 507 212 180 442 29.2
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT  1979 to March 1980	12 778 4 373 920 499 239	2 234 646 298 131 69	3 422 1 019 235 111 86	1 821 659 82 42 18	1 202 473 75 43 23	1 864 634 95 85 23	972 501 44 20 4	877 304 51 40	287 77 20 20	99 60 20 7 16	11 006 11 978 7 949 10 446 7 887	12 964 14 290 11 324 12 945 11 967	2 523 601 237 85 52
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM  Complete plumbing for exclusive use	18 553 12 060 6 005 383 105 256 80 159 9	3 267 2 459 782 16 10 111 21 81 9	4 771 3 315 1 335 81 40 102 47 47 8	2 604 1 553 987 58 6 18 6	1 810 1 104 663 33 10 6	2 701 1 641 949 89 22 - - -	1 527 872 598 57 - 14 - 14	1 267 718 515 28 6 5	404 251 131 16 6 - -	202 147 45 5 5 - -	11 189 10 412 12 243 15 125 11 042 5 512 6 131 4 942 3 750 8 750	13 266 12 722 14 115 16 690 14 633 6 877 6 448 7 229 3 630 7 810	3 430 2 092 1 206 94 38 68 12 47 9
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available 1 2 or more Hause heating fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms  Specified renter-occupied housing units	18 781 16 065 10 023 4 151 16 878 8 951 7 927 18 781 7 314 342 8 239 2 247 639 4.1	3 366 2 749 1 674 646 2 334 1 872 462 3 366 1 321 98 1 471 105 3.5	4 857 4 107 2 391 950 4 288 2 984 1 304 4 857 1 979 93 2 080 597 108 3.8	2 622 2 288 1 368 443 2 482 1 346 1 136 2 622 979 28 1 162 341 112 4.1	1 816 1 592 981 424 1 764 853 911 1 816 639 35 878 210 54 4.2	2 701 2 244 1 492 553 2 642 906 1 736 2 701 1 077 36 1 130 346 112 4.4	1 541 1 385 888 425 1 503 487 1 016 1 541 669 180 70 4.6	1 272 1 147 796 459 340 919 1 272 492 14 581 119 66 4.8	404 374 268 149 404 119 285 404 147 12 172 61 12 5.6	202 179 165 102 202 44 158 202 79 5 96 22 - 4.5	11 113 11 286 11 730 12 715 11 830 9 356 15 419 11 113 10 912 8 837 11 223 11 140 12 377 	13 191 13 406 14 242 15 905 13 996 10 868 17 528 13 191 13 151 11 145 13 285 13 079 13 914	3 494 2 839 1 682 658 2 677 1 885 792 3 494 1 394 1 106 1 480 417 97 3.8
CONTRACT RENT	10 112	3 322	4 007	1 310	1 730	2 3/6	1 431	1 242	307	177	11 033	13 043	3 413
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Median	1 190 1 898 4 172 4 349 3 573 1 155 682 384 138 571 \$218	708 476 833 657 344 80 38 22 13 151 \$168	288 725 1 457 1 050 650 182 93 50 34 160 \$190	62 195 680 787 516 133 68 17 12 58 \$219	42 170 361 461 460 113 46 55 55 45 \$231	42 201 486 696 677 209 122 54 10 81 \$238	22 89 178 391 395 204 113 23 14 22 \$253	26 29 143 221 401 211 105 72 23 11 \$274	- 8 26 63 92 18 57 65 27 11 \$293	5 8 23 38 5 40 26 - 32 \$297	4 475 7 900 9 308 11 485 14 003 16 755 17 969 19 483 18 214 8 988	6 059 9 477 10 523 12 703 15 608 17 145 22 287 25 439 20 577 14 901	559 363 834 791 463 135 84 32 20 134 \$190
GROSS RENT  Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	665 1 071 2 507 3 693 4 102 2 592 1 152 1 237 522 571 \$260	523 355 597 622 648 268 58 79 21 151 \$208	81 459 926 1 165 966 449 210 186 87 160 \$234	37 67 382 582 726 334 154 128 60 58	16 74 225 352 386 363 156 106 35 45 \$275	80 199 531 680 473 258 199 77 81 \$284	26 96 246 338 315 142 218 48 22 \$301	8 5 65 147 264 296 147 217 82 11 \$321	- 17 27 78 63 27 59 85 11 \$344	5 - 21 16 31 - 45 27 32 \$349	3 812 6 509 8 570 10 256 11 505 14 187 14 968 17 149 18 944 8 988	4 343 7 818 9 507 11 715 12 876 15 758 15 998 19 603 24 944 14 901	387 252 568 598 733 395 125 179 44 134 \$237
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979  Less than 15 percent	2 339 2 575 2 670 2 189 1 664 2 543 3 328 804 27.4	37 68 132 155 97 292 2 157 384 50+	70 155 429 588 685 1 530 1 072 160 37.8	68 263 440 646 534 431 88 58 28.6	152 328 406 442 222 155 8 45 24.6	386 758 846 290 90 124 3 81 20.6	485 591 261 51 30 11 - 22 16.9	726 338 144 17 6 - - 11	270 74 12 - - - 11	145 - - - - - 32 10—	24 604 18 118 14 557 11 360 10 234 8 135 4 128 5 464	27 133 18 532 14 671 11 437 10 151 8 433 4 229 10 481	21 76 126 145 119 391 2 170 367 50+

Table A-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

						is, see iiii quocii	<del></del>	•			
The SMSA	Tatal	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 ta \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 ar mare	Median (dallars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	28 120	1 626	2 812	3 083	3 431	3 683	5 739	3 657	2 542	1 547	392
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person2 persons	2 435 7 960	268 629	422 1 017	392 964	303 1 002	298   1 010	329 1 560	209 915	130 595	84 268	322 368
3 persons 4 persons	5 898 6 792	311 237	542 466	667 593	704 890	779 967	1 343	834 952	451 742	267 468	397 415
5 persons6 persons	3 158 1 176	100 54	253 68	299 86	385	383 140	640	453	388	257	422 442
7 persons	473	16	37	55	7	74	274 80	213 55	140 77	90 72	449
8 or more persons Median	228 3.12	11 2.37	2.47	27 2.78	29 3.08	32 3.18	36 3.23	26 3.34	19 3.63	3.83	418
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Married-couple families	22 759	1 116	1 950	2 362	2 774	2 963	4 817	3 170	2 212	1 395	404
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	842 7 532	32 184	40 350	103 581	143   895	170 1 137	219 1 890	96 1 361	39 703	431	380 429
35 ta 44 years 45 to 64 years	6 572 6 902	220 491	401 951	528 988	699 948	851 722	1 393 1 237	991 668	867 557	622 340	440 355
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	911 1 <b>997</b>	189 <b>99</b>	208 243	162 <b>226</b>	89 252	83 <b>300</b>	78 <b>336</b>	54 <b>264</b>	46 1 <b>73</b>	104	268 <b>380</b>
15 to 24 years	203	5	32	25	31	37	30	17	14	12	361
25 ta 34 years	977 401	23 11	96 36	115 25	134 63	160 66	206 68	136 53	67 52	40 27	388 400
45 ta 64 years 65 years and over	355 61	44 16	56 23 <b>619</b>	61	18 6	37	25 7	54 4	35 5	25	346 232
Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years	3 364	<b>411</b> 21 1	619 22	<b>495</b> 19	<b>405</b> 42	<b>420</b> 12	586 40	223	157	48	319 324
25 to 34 years	931 762	56 51	112	166 94	104 131	170 119	215 142	48 47	44 52	16	358 348
45 to 64 years	1 133	167	300	137	108	102	153	108	47	ii	286
65 years and over Median age	374 <b>38.8</b>	116   <b>50.4</b>	76 <b>48.3</b>	79 <b>43.0</b>	20 <b>38.4</b>	17 <b>36.2</b>	36 <b>36.3</b>	16 <b>36.2</b>	14 <b>38.6</b>	38.7	247
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 ta March 1980	6 238	94	166	285	425	735	1 379	1 293	1 109	752	503
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	12 513 4 932	367 316	671 681	1 076 886	1 514 1 030	2 005 659	3 371 682	1 762 370	1 113 203	634	415 328
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 482 955	635   214	1 053 241	700 136	377 85	216 68	200 107	174 58	82 35	45 11	328 254 258
ROOMS				,,,,			,,,,				250
1 to 3 rooms	321	53	33	37	56	60	56	20	_	6	333
4 rooms5 rooms	1 550 5 395	250 630	281 883	411 746	237 736	149 796	109 992	55 403	39 146	19 63	280 330
6 rooms	6 904	342	730	728	916	994	1 731	782	529	152	387
7 rooms 8 or mare raams	5 196 8 754	144 207	391 494	466 695	570 916	697 987	1 226 1 625	839 1 558	612 1 216	251 1 056	423 466
Median	6.5	5.3	5.8	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.5	7.2	7.4	8.3	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	9 918	183	294	469	673	1 125	2 700	1 966	1 536	972	480
1970 to 1974	5 368	174	351	563	1 023	908	1 130	584	382	253	382
1960 ta 1969 1950 ta 1959	4 694 3 945	241 450	755 713	764 623	687 533	625 544	749 549	442 289	250 179	181 65	343 317
1940 to 1949	1 903   2 292	299 279	375   324	269 395	240 275	241 240	245 366	120 256	101 94	13 63	302 327
VALUE											
Less than \$10,000	35	35	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	135
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	131   748	45 228	43   183	5 131	12   88	26 63	12	43	-	_	224 240
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	2 863 5 990	413 575	678 913	625 863	564 971	380 1 065	161 1 178	34 345	8 69	11	277 333
\$50,000 to \$59,999	5 200	179	541	626	537	822	1 523	588 1 547	365 988	19	394 443
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	7 659 2 912	126 25	386 33	621 147	826 318	910   271	552	640	591	335	517
\$100,000 ta \$149,999 \$150,000 or mare	2 050   532	_	28 7	62 3	115	127 19	308   36	368 92	398 123	644	606 733
Median	\$58 000	\$41 700	\$45 700	\$48 800	\$51 400	\$53 300	\$60 000	\$70 700	\$76 300	\$108 000	• • •
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											1
Less than 15 percent	7 466	916	1 377	1 386	1 129	821	971	469	211	186	302
15 to 19 percent	5 258 5 255	261 190	449 349	582   409	799 654	917   736	1 148   1 429	552 753	361 535	189 200	379 418
25 to 29 percent	3 586 2 047	82 61	175	301 139	363 134	404 219	793   476	762 390	438 318	268 213	453 479
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or mare	4 401	101	359	260	352	566	910	716	656	481	458
Not computed Median	107 21.2	15   13.6	15.3	16.3	18.7	20 20.6	12   22.6	15 25.3	23 26.7	28.6	461
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS						·					
Heating equipment	28 099	1 626	2 806	3 083	3 431	3 683	5 730	3 657	<b>2 536</b> 40	1 <b>547</b>	<b>392</b> 420
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	328 22 300	997	39 2 030	30 2 381	62 2 596	18   2 831	4 666	36 3 123	2 280	1 396	406
Other built-in electric unitsFlaar, wall, or pipeless furnace	2 015 438	231   45	227 125	308 42	267 76	231 64	439 44	168 23	133 19	11	345 305
Other means Air conditioning	3 018 18 383	347 814	385 1 <b>605</b>	322 1 <b>805</b>	430 1 989	539 2 144	537 <b>3 937</b>	307 2 682	64 2 011	87 1 <b>396</b>	352 418
Central system	13 416	240	707	1 037	1 243	1 525	3 188	2 294	1 839	1 343	456 316
1 or more individual raam units House heating fuel	4 967 <b>28 099</b>	574 1 <b>626</b>	898 2 806	768 <b>3 083</b>	746 <b>3 431</b>	619 3 683	749 <b>5 730</b>	388 3 657	172 <b>2 536</b>	1 <b>53</b>	392
Utility gas 8ottled, tank, or LP gas	11 806 202	620	1 367 24	1 570 40	1 806 17	1 671	2 310 24	1 268 51	759 28	435	366   411
Electricity	10 310	398 407	510 600	760 476	829 440	1 145 459	2 501 471	1 790 310	1 440 243	937 98	454
Fuel oil, kerasene, etcOther	3 504 2 277	199	305	237	339	392	424	238	66	77	331 357

#### Table A - 6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(Doto ore estimotes		,,					о, ост орронала		
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	7 538	229	739	1 447	1 864	1 533	1 163	372	191	118
PERSONS IN UNIT	, 300						, ,,,,	, ,,,	.,,	,,,,
1 person	2 313	142	395	555	549	292	238	93	49	103
2 persons	3 811	85	259	687	1 047	879	547	194	113	121
3 persons4 persons	737 388	- 2	69   16	125 40	150 66	153 114	193 127	30	17	129 140
5 persons	189	-	<u> </u>	24	32	70	37	23 14	12	140 139
6 persons 7 persons	72 22	_	<u>-</u>	16	12 8	11 8	15 6	18	-	143 134
8 or more persons	6	_	_	_ ;	_	6	_		Ξ	138
Medion	1.88	1.31	1.44	1.75	1.87	2.04	2.13	1.98	1.91	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	4 546	62	284	76 <u>5</u>	1 182	1 053	825	256	119	125
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	44 147	14	10 24	46	6 35	27	2 15	_	_	70 102
35 to 44 years	246	_	15	25	25	74	71	31	5	145
45 to 64 years	2 028 2 081	21 27	97 138	253 434	537 579	511 436	424 313	121 104	64 50	130 119
Male householder, no wife present	675	70	104	127	157	99	61	53	4	106
15 to 24 years	28   87	- 8	7 8	15 18	35	6 5	7	- 6	-	87 107
25 to 34 years	31	_	_	5	8	18	_	_	_	128
45 to 64 years	159 370	27	30 59	18 71	26 88	22 48	19 35	13 34	4	104 106
65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	2 317	35 <b>97</b>	351	555	525	381	277	63	68	107
15 to 24 years	35	-	2]	14	-	- 1	,-	-	-	71
25 to 34 years	46 47	_	6	12	5	8 11	14 19	_	_	122 140
45 to 64 years	495	18	67	99	74	136	79		22	121
65 years and over	1 694 <b>66.4</b>	79 <b>68.3</b>	257 <b>71.6</b>	421 <b>69.0</b>	437 <b>67.2</b>	226 <b>64.0</b>	165 <b>63.2</b>	63 <b>65.9</b>	46 <b>65.1</b>	105
		00.0	,	•	J. 1.2		30.2		•	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	403	22	21	111	41	00	£7	24		116
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	853	23 23	31 59	111 128	61 242	90 207	57 129	24 30	6 35	115 122
1970 to 1974	937	23 41	135	167	222	171	128	63	10	114
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 675   3 670	54 88	167 347	254 787	355 984	362 703	339 510	85 170	59 81	126 116
	0 0,0	55	J	,	,	/00	3.0	.,,	01	110
ROOMS					100		10			
1 to 3 rooms	371 1 628	49 105	109 356	83 468	103 368	15 173	12 82	31	45	83 94
5 rooms	1 928	61	210	468	574	321	226	53 63	15	110
6 rooms	1 563 879	6 8	44	266 95	479 160	414 317	280 215	63 61	11 14	124 138
7 rooms 8 or mare rooms	1 169	-	11	67	180	293	348	164	106	155
Median	5.4	4.1	4.2	4.9	5.3	6.1	6.4	7.1	8.5+	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	564	_	36	77	170	146	101	26	8	125
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	587 924	44 22	24 48	57 141	144 178	142 202	117 250	40 53	19 30	129 134
1950 to 1959	1 623	43 38	132	170	362	420	320	133	43	131
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 531 2 309	38 82	171 328	401 601	435 575	223 400	176 199	72 48	15 76	109 106
	2 309	62	320	601	3/3	400	177	40	76	106
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	113 537	15 108	49 160	36 138	13 52	48	29		_	71 75
\$20,000 to \$29,999	1 089	65	220	324	254	129	58	19	20	75 95
\$30,000 to \$39,999\$40,000 to \$49,999	1 367 1 367	30	188 80	373 309	435 470	216 279	103 186	22 19	24	105 116
\$50,000 ta \$59,999	1 091	-	21	144	346	318	168	66	28	128
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	1 135 423	5	19	104 19	183 65	397 77	354 169	58 81	15	141 163
\$100,000 ta \$149,999	290	6 -	2	12	36	56	83	68	45	181
\$150,000 or more	126	630 400	E07 200	627 100	10	13	13	37	53 \$101 700	236
Median	\$44 500	\$19 400	\$27 300	\$37 100	\$42 900	\$52 300	\$61 300	\$80 000	\$101.700	•••
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
	2 470	120			0/0	77,	577	142	70	120
Less than 10 percent10 to 14 percent	3 472 1 616	139 35	294 163	611 331	860 391	776 346	576 231	143   107	73 12	120 118
15 to 19 percent	925	48	89	214	228	156	123	34	33	112
20 to 24 percent	471 278		88 16	92 61	100 91	77   48	76 17	15 30	16 15	112 117
30 to 34 percent	235	-	43	56	82	45	9	-	-	106
35 percent ar more Nat computed	499 42	-	41 5	68 14	112	79	119 12	38 5	42	134 133
Median	10.9	10—	12.2	11.6	10.9	10_	10.0	11.9	16.6	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	7 538	229	739	1 447	1 864	1 533	1 163	372	191	118
Steam or hot water system	226	_	_	-	68	26	71	30	31	163
Central warm-air furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	5 302 408	59 14	322 75	903 110	1 348 93	1 254 h	967 30	315 9	134	125 101
Floor, wall, ar pipeless furnace	336	25	73	101	80	43	9	-	5	92
Other means	1 266 <b>3 999</b>	131 <b>78</b>	269 <b>320</b>	333 <b>640</b>	275 <b>904</b>	133 <b>853</b>	86 <b>834</b>	18 <b>23</b> 7	21 <b>133</b>	92 127
Central system	2 174	19	95	241	435	535	567	187	95	139
1 or more individual room units	1 825 <b>7 538</b>	59 <b>229</b>	225 7 <b>39</b>	399	469	318	267	50 <b>372</b>	38 191	112 118
House heating fuel	3 019	127	258	1 <b>447</b> 522	1 <b>864</b> 833	1 <b>533</b> 589	1 1 <b>63</b> 488	129	73	118
Battled, tank, or LP gas	34	_	_	12	12	5	5	- 1	_	110
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	1 349 2 564	30 42	155 253	256 472	365 551	276 553	189 435	60 170	18 88	116 123
Other	572	30	73	185	103	110	46	13	12	100

#### Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Ov	vner-occupied h	ousing units				Rei	nter-occupied h	ousing units		
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or eorlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	44 330	13 098	8 634	6 848	10 191	5 559	18 809	4 925	3 468	3 038	4 843	2 535
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER												
Married-couple families	<b>32 749</b> 1 277	10 309 661	6 625 322	<b>5 397</b> 87	6 <b>993</b> 159	3 <b>425</b> 48	<b>6 570</b> 1 695	1 <b>877</b> 548	1 116 324	1 106 248	1 7 <b>08</b> 424	7 <b>63</b> 151
25 to 34 years	8 634 7 783	4 122 2 912	1 691 1 936	884 1 223	1 267 1 135	670 577	2 638 884	796 238	361 171	453 158	73 l 225	297 92
45 to 64 years65 years and over	10 917 4 138	2 223 391	2 021 655	2 518 685	2 958 1 474	1 197 933	864 489	206 89	131 129	113 134	255 73	159 64
Male householder, no wife present	<b>3 875</b> 410	1 <b>236</b> 176	<b>597</b> 64	<b>366</b> 39	1 <b>081</b> 97	5 <b>95</b> 34	<b>5 336</b> 1 753	1 <b>198</b> 365	<b>805</b> 294	<b>833</b> 313	1 <b>579</b> 559	921 222
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 407 650	583 266	183 135	134 44	362 125	145 80	2 105 579	483 150	228 139	321 86	656 143	417
45 to 64 years65 years and over	836 572	186 25	137 78	96 53	259 238	158 178	644 255	131 69	101 43	103 10	165 56	144 77
Female householder, no husband present	7 706	1 553	1 412	1 085	2 117	1 539	6 903	1 850	1 547	1 099	1 556	851
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	331 1 329	147 439	71 283	35 127	53 316	25 164	2 220 1 913	695 564	438 377	308 292	560 435	219 245
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	1 106 2 238	407 414	311 454	181 370	148 691	59 309	731 784	210 104	176 236	120 175	148 164	77 105
65 years and over	2 702 44.1	146 <b>35.9</b>	293 <b>41.9</b>	372 <b>49.0</b>	909 <b>53.2</b>	982 <b>58.0</b>	1 255 <b>29.5</b>	277 <b>29.0</b>	320 <b>31.1</b>	204 <b>29.6</b>	249 <b>28.8</b>	205 <b>30.2</b>
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT												
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	8 442 16 764	4 910 8 188	1 360 3 230	737 1 956	970 2 304	465 1 086	12 778 4 373	4 002 923	2 277 859	1 874 779	3 198 1 130	1 427 682
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	7 509 6 209	_	4 044	1 388 2 767	1 357 2 303	720 1 139	920 499	=	332	205 180	250 174	133 145
1959 or earlier	5 406	-	-		3 257	2 149	239	-	-	-	91	148
ROOMS	76	17	6	6	41	۸ ا	510	49	135	50	110	166
2 rooms	271 1 107	45 186	88 165	13 219	114 264	1 Î 273	1 221 3 569	265 874	264 512	172	267 1 035	253 596
3 rooms	5 654 9 492	1 048 2 446	1 222 1 879	718 1 244	1 638 2 404	1 028 1 519	6 863 3 488	1 904 1 021	1 517 652	552 1 168 617	1 658	616 372
5 rooms6 rooms	9 764	3 200	1 933	1 472	2 236	923	1 697	468	216	269	826 507	237
7 or more rooms Medion	17 966 6.1	6 156 6.4	3 341 6.0	3 176 6.3	3 494 5.8	1 799 5.5	1 461 4.1	344 4.2	172 4.0	210 4.1	440 4.1	295 3.9
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	44 055	10.000	0 /05		10.1/7	5 500	10.550	4 005	0.457		4 703	
O.50 or less	<b>44 255</b> 31 004	1 <b>3 098</b> 8 618	8 625 5 323	<b>6 827</b> 4 906	10 167 7 772	5 <b>538</b> 4 385	18 553 12 060	<b>4 905</b> 3 108	3 <b>457</b> 2 194	<b>3 028</b> 1 898	<b>4 781</b> 3 153	2 382 1 707
0.51 to 1.00	12 713 449	4 328 123	3 126 156	1 847 54	2 295 80	1 117	6 005 383	1 665 126	1 155 92	1 053 60	1 475 105	657
1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	89 <b>75</b>	29	20 <b>9</b>	20 <b>21</b>	20 <b>24</b>	21	105 <b>256</b>	6 <b>20</b>	16 <b>11</b>	17 <b>10</b>	48 <b>62</b>	18   153
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	33 36	_	9	15	_ 24	9 12	80 159	_ 20	11	4	19 35	57 87
1.01 to 1.50	6	_	-	- 6		-	9	=			8	9
PERSONS IN UNIT	-						•					
1 person	6 850 15 198	1 375 3 789	1 052 2 522	887 2 393	2 084 4 181	1 452 2 313	7 014 5 900	1 609 1 632	1 304 1 120	967 1 124	1 801 1 451	1 333 573
3 persons	7 944 8 172	2 623 3 233	1 483 1 875	1 355 1 308	1 688 1 235	795 521	2 880 1 799	870 509	511 299	431 270	806 473	262 248
4 persons	3 847	1 363	1 008	579	808	289	796	189	148	143	236	80
6 or more persons Medion	2 319 2.51	715 3.03	694 3.00	326 2.61	395 2.22	189 2.07	420 1.91	116 2.02	86 1.88	103 1.99	76 1.93	39 1.45
Total persons	129 746	41 994	28 295	20 262	26 049	13 146	40 351	10 568	7 484	6 818	10 553	4 928
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or attached	39 252	11 456	6 632	6 018	9 794	5 352	8 244	1 521	902	1 249	3 231	1 341
2	555 367	168 200	59 79	68 10	155 26	105	2 401 2 307	887 853	359 389	351 303	533 400	271 362
5 to 9	143	74	12	14	25	18	1 469	359	281	209 443	298 214	322 227
10 to 49 50 or more	100 48	13 9	28 25	17 4	29 10	13	2 280 1 070	782 386	614 452	167	53	12
Mobile home or troiler, etc.	3 865	1 178	1 799	717	152	19	1 038	137	471	316	114	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	44 304	13 092	8 628	6 848	10 191	5 545	18 781	4 925	3 468	3 038	4 829	2 521
Steam or hat water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	697 33 989	21 11 044	21 6 674	87 5 412	248 7 469	320 3 390	1 039 8 669	16 2 152	19 1 497	156 1 580	352 2 438	1 002
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	3 259 1 018	1 282 43	885 127	377 125	428 443	287 280	5 469 888	2 592 17	1 600 83	678 183	367 436	232 169
Other meansAir conditioning	5 341 <b>28 227</b>	702 <b>9 816</b>	921 <b>6 162</b>	847 <b>4 685</b>	1 603 <b>5 462</b>	1 268 <b>2 102</b>	2 716 <b>10 023</b>	148 <b>3</b> 7 <b>67</b>	269 2 <b>423</b>	441 1 <b>677</b>	1 236 <b>1 496</b>	622 660
Central system 1 or more individual room units	19 394 8 833	8 633 1 183	4 483 1 679	3 130 1 555	2 454 3 008	694 1 408	4 151 5 872	1 772 1 995	960 1 463	848 829	442 1 054	129 531
House heating fuel Utility gas	<b>44 304</b> 17 730	13 092 2 061	8 628 5 127	6 848 4 368	10 191 3 932	5 545 2 242	18 781 7 314	4 925 662	3 468 1 081	<b>3 038</b> 1 662	4 829 2 584	2 521 1 325
8ottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity	553 15 378	73 10 288	196 2 345	131 869	112 1 226	41 650	342 8 239	15 4 171	84 2 161	88 930	116 603	39 374
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	7 117 3 526	72 598	380 580	988 492	3 944 977	1 733 879	2 247 639	34 43	101	316 42	1 282 244	514 269
Other	2 331	<b>504</b> 3.8	475	338 4.9	<b>593</b> 5.8	421	3 498 18.6	<b>820</b> 16.6	<b>658</b> 19.0	617 20.3	<b>924</b> 19,1	479 18.9
Percent below poverty level  HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	5.3	3.8	5.5	4.9	3.8	7.6	10.0	10.0	17.0	20.3	17.1	10.7
Less than \$5,000	2 738	432	454	423	753	676	3 378	818 1 081	654 933	472 787	921 1 276	513 796
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	4 891 3 167	808 797	969 603	666 414	1 390 769	1 058 584	4 873 2 622	708	466	422	683	343 191
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	3 077 6 717	835 1 942	654 1 429	423 836	743 1 689	422 821	1 816 2 701	433 714	362 498	316 484	514 669	336
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	6 751 9 354	2 377 3 323	1 238 1 680	1 026 1 650	1 399 1 887	711 814	1 541 1 272	467 483	254 210	251 182	386 278	183   119
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	5 009 2 626	1 692 892	1 101 506	868 542	1 069 492	279 194	404 202	137 84	50 41	83 41	93 23	41 13
Median	\$21 131 \$24 199	\$23 707 \$26 507	\$20 815 \$23 833	\$22 987 \$26 687	\$19 237 \$22 451	\$15 231 \$19 471	\$11 100 \$13 179	\$11 990 \$14 734	\$10 789 \$12 831	\$11 540 \$13 687	\$10 822 \$12 353	\$9 732 \$11 603
	727 177	720 307	7-0 000	7_0 00/	+ 101	7.7 771	Ţ. <b>Ţ</b> .,,	, , <del>.</del> .			300	

Table A -8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(	Owner-occupied I	nousing units					Renter-occupied	I housing units			
The SMSA	Totol	1 unit, detoched or attoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Totol	l unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	<b>44 330</b> 807	39 252	1 213	3 865	18 809	8 244	2 401	2 307	1 469	2 280	1 070	1 038
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	32 749	520 <b>29 996</b>	287 <b>595</b>	2 158	206 <b>6 570</b>	107 <b>3 796</b>	7 <b>811</b>	48 <b>609</b>	293	21 <b>514</b>	23 1 <b>84</b>	363
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	1 277 8 634	931 8 102	31 87	315 445	1 695 2 638	747 1 551	256 365	256 237	77 146	193 154	77 35	89 150
35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors	7 783 10 917	7 466 10 060	94 237	223 620	884 864	682 603	75 64	32 55	26 21	28 49	6 12	35 60
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	4 138 <b>3 875</b>	3 437 <b>3 03</b> B	146 <b>247</b>	555 <b>590</b>	489 5 336	213 2 171	51 <b>635</b>	29 <b>678</b>	23 <b>545</b>	90 <b>654</b>	54	29
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	410 1 407	257 1 143	55 106	98 158	1 753 2 105	833 850	170 272	147	204	210	<b>284</b> 82	3 <b>69</b> 107
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	650 836	518 638	34 40	98	579	216	77	356 81	223 26	204 105	60 33	140 41
65 years and over	572	482	12	158 78	644 255	186 86	99 17	79 15	74 18	87 48	58 51	61 20
Female householder, no husband present	7 706 331	6 218 222	<b>371</b>	1 117	<b>6 903</b> 2 220	<b>2 277</b> 675	<b>955</b> 246	1 <b>020</b> 438	<b>631</b> 246	1 112 374	<b>602</b> 149	306 92
25 to 34 years	1 329 1 106	1 089 904	63 54	177   148	1 913 731	695 289	339 155	299 95	195 44	243 78	72 20	92 70 50 67
45 to 64 years65 years and over	2 238 2 702	1 768 2 235	126 111	344 356	784 1 255	275 343	91 124	107 81	64 82	131 286	49 312	67 27
Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	44.1	43.7	49.7	48.7	29.5	30.3	29.2	27.7	27.5	29.1	45.2	30.4
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	8 442 16 764	7 236 14 559	337 499	869 1 706	12 778 4 373	5 503 1 920	1 685	1 631	1 055	1 614	657	633
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	7 509 6 209	6 462 5 743	105 137	942 329	920	373	578 49	557 82	299 70	442 135	262 140	315 71
1959 or earlierROOMS	5 406	5 252	135	19	499 239	251 197	76 13	21 16	38 7	83 6	11	19
1 room	76	.53	-	23	510	98	17	46	112	110	96	31
2 rooms	271 1 107	133 623	8 86	130 398	1 221 3 569	259 969	71 315	182 588	183 405	205 780	228 306	93 206
4 rooms 5 rooms	5 654 9 492	3 710 8 028	382 338	1 562 1 126	6 863 3 488	2 484 1 920	1 196 493	1 048 339	521 182	885 220	318 97	411 237
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	9 764 17 966	9 214 17 491	198 201	352   274	1 697 1 461	1 289 1 225	181 128	63 41	53 13	51 29	25	35 25
MedionPLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.1	6.3	4.9	4.4	4.1	4.7	4.2	3.8	3.6	3.6	3.2	4.0
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	<b>44 255</b> 31 004	<b>39 201</b> 27 399	1 198 968	3 856 2 637	18 <b>553</b> 12 060	<b>8 201</b> 4 896	<b>2 395</b> 1 660	<b>2 277</b> 1 615	1 <b>372</b> 989	2 212	1 05B	1 038
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	12 713 449	11 394 342	223 7	1 096	6 005 383	3 043	695	631	346	1 593 587	744 291	563 412
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	B9 75	66 51	15	23	105	202 60	36 4	17 14	32 5	27 .5	18 5	51 12
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	33 36	13 32	11	9	<b>256</b> 80	<b>43</b> 16		<b>30</b> 24	9 <b>7</b> 40	68	12	=
1.01 to 1.50	- 6	-	4	-	159 9	10 9	6	6 -	57 —	68 -	12	=
BEDROOMS	_	6	-	-	8	8	_	-	-	-	_	-
None	111 1 683	78 1 161	4 143	29 379	725 5 157	145 1 454	38 474	79 908	137 594	143 992	152 527	31 208
3	10 889 20 976	7 900 19 622	651 303	2 338 1 051	8 994 3 186	3 515 2 464	1 579 267	1 239 66	670 59	1 010 121	367 24	614 185
4 5 or more	8 432 2 239	8 296 2 195	79 33	57   11	594 153	527 139	35 8	15	9	8	-	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	2 738	2 133	89	516	3 378	1 168	304	367	382	556	397	204
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	4 891 3 167	3 808 2 606	172 116	911 445	4 873 2 622	1 851 1 117	609 316	679 467	461 195	654 260	269 130	350 137
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	3 077 6 717	2 559 5 840	93 179	425 698	1 816 2 701	80B 1 373	268 375	187 295	135	236	53	129
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	6 751 9 354	6 221 8 810	150 206	380 338	1 541 1 272	800 736	278 204	162	150 62	296 169	98 25	114 45
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	5 009 2 626	4 812 2 463	103 105	94 58	404 202	267	29	114 22	51 21	46 52	79 6	42 7
Median Mean	\$21 131 \$24 199	\$22 076 \$25 159	\$18 136 \$23 069	\$12 856 \$14 800	\$11 100	124 \$12 469	18 \$12 275	14 \$10 575	\$8 884	\$9 524	13 \$7 519	\$9 175
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment			·		\$13 179	\$14 995	\$14 143	\$11 978	\$10 376	\$11 263	\$9 929	\$10 720
Steam or hot water system	<b>44 304</b> 697	<b>39 231</b> 651	1 208 46	3 865	18 781 1 039	8 <b>228</b> 139	<b>2 401</b> 69	<b>2 299</b> 171	1 <b>465</b> 237	<b>2 280</b> 346	1 <b>070</b> 72	1 038 5
Central warm-oir fumace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	33 989 3 259	30 082 2 817	837 201	3 070   241	8 669 5 469	4 544 1 106	1 268 688	872 954	507 562	453 1 379	232 737	793 43
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoce Other meons	1 018 5 341	878 4 803	47 77	93   461	888 2 716	587 1 852	71 305	97 205	61 98	39 63	10 19	23 174
Air conditioning	<b>28 227</b> 19 394	<b>24 626</b> 17 221	<b>904</b> 608	<b>2 697</b>   1 565	<b>10 023</b> 4 151	<b>3 271</b> 1 555	1 <b>429</b> 809	1 <b>290</b> 506	<b>774</b> 195	1 <b>727</b> 475	874 281	<b>658</b> 330
Vehicles available	<b>43 251</b> 10 228	<b>38 391</b> 8 278	<b>1 142</b> 479	<b>3 718</b> 1 471	1 <b>6 878</b> 8 951	<b>7 714</b> 3 143	<b>2 222</b> 1 184	<b>2 162</b> 1 452	1 194 769	1 948 1 396	<b>687</b> 476	<b>951</b> 531
2 or more	33 023 <b>44 304</b>	30 113 <b>39 231</b>	663 1 <b>208</b>	2 247 3 865	7 927 <b>18 781</b>	4 571 <b>8 228</b>	1 038 <b>2 401</b>	710 <b>2 299</b>	425 1 <b>465</b>	552 <b>2 280</b>	211 1 <b>070</b>	420 1 038
Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gos	17 730 553	15 825 293	385 6	1 520 254	7 314 342	3 959 164	945 30	716	575 12	447 28	106	566 99
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	15 378 7 117	13 011 6 <b>83</b> 4	606 146	1 761 137	8 239 2 247	2 136 1 538	1 189 201	1 376 161	752 92	1 617 135	914 31	255 89
Other Water heating fuel	3 526 <b>44 321</b>	3 268 <b>39 252</b>	65 1 213	193 3 B56	639 18 <b>80</b> 1	431 <b>8 244</b>	36 2 401	37 <b>2 307</b>	34 1 469	53 <b>2 272</b>	19 1 <b>070</b>	1 038
Utility gos	6 658 458	5 266 249	148	1 244 203	3 149 258	1 375 98	311	280 12	311 12	326 6	110	436 119
Electricity	36 957 174	33 504 164	1 045	2 408	15 164 140	6 737 34	2 058	1 970	1 104 1 19	1 878	943	474
OtherFamily householder	74 <b>36 472</b>	69 <b>33 229</b>	5 <b>683</b>	2 560	90 <b>9 488</b>	_	10	16 29	23	46 16	5 12	570
With own children under 18 yeors With own children under 6 yeors	19 653 8 367	18 493 7 766	205 <b>B9</b>	955 512	5 832	<b>5 036</b> 3 381	1 318 803	<b>963</b> 508	<b>526</b> 281	<b>751</b> 317	<b>324</b> 162	<b>570</b> 380
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 yeors	2 960	2 554	63	343	3 538 <b>2 307</b>	2 005 <b>899</b>	469 <b>428</b>	305 <b>290</b>	173 <b>202</b>	213 <b>210</b>	109 121	264 157
With own children under 6 years  Nonfamily householder	1 883 419	1 620 343	27 	236 76	1 918 942	760 364	384 181	227 88	167 88	156 90	83 65	66
Income in 1979 below poverty level	7 858 2 331	6 023 1 839	530 73	1 305 419	9 321 3 498	3 208 1 424	1 083 338	1 344 364	943 322	1 529 470	746 290	468 290
Percent below poverty level	5.3	4.7	6.0	10.8	18.6	17.3	14.1	15.8	21.9	20.6	27.1	27.9

#### Table A=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	focio die esimila	es poseu on u :	somple, see illin	addition. Tor me	aning of symbols,	, see illituuuttioil	. For deminion	is of ferris, see	oppendixes A c		
The SMSA	Total	l person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	<b>44 330</b> 1 723	6 850 -	15 198 882	<b>7 944</b> 378	<b>8 172</b> 195	<b>3 847</b> 106	1 <b>432</b> 75	<b>594</b> 32	<b>293</b> 55	<b>2.51</b> 2.48	1 <b>29 746</b> 5 439
ROOMS  1 to 3 rooms	1 454 5 654 9 492 9 764 6 981 10 985 6.1	637 2 282 1 845 1 216 403 467 4.8	609 2 414 3 861 3 858 2 113 2 343 5.7	132 592 1 739 1 915 1 558 2 008 6.3	36 278 1 357 1 809 1 635 3 057 6.9	32 68 533 642 819 1 753 7.3	8 7 106 231 334 746 7.6	13 51 72 100 358 8.1	- 21 19 253 8.5+	1.65 1.73 2.25 2.45 3.13 3.72	2 698 10 771 24 058 27 344 23 048 41 827
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.00 or less  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.00 or less  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more	44 255 43 717 449 89 75 69	6 824 6 824 - 26 26 -	15 177 15 147 30 21 21	7 922 7 894 28 	8 172 8 136 30 6 	3 841 3 747 68 26 6	1 432 1 311 113 8 -	594 458 123 13  -	293 200 87 6 - -	2.52 2.49 6.37 4.83 2.05 1.90	129 610 126 429 2 770 411 136 112 - 24
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2 or more  Mobile home or trailer, etc	39 252 1 213 3 865	5 272 431 1 147	13 089 467 1 642	7 286 150 508	7 723 104 345	3 697 42 108	1 362 8 62	545 4 45	278 7 8	2.67 1.88 1.98	117 151 3 039 9 556
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units  Less than \$10,000  \$10,000 to \$19,999  \$20,000 to \$29,999  \$30,000 to \$39,999  \$40,000 to \$49,999  \$50,000 to \$59,999  \$60,000 to \$79,999  \$80,000 to \$79,999  \$100,000 to \$149,999  \$150,000 or more	35 658 148 668 1 837 4 230 7 357 6 291 8 794 3 335 2 340 658 \$54 900	4 748 52 239 648 1 055 991 765 661 175 150 12 \$43 800	11 771 56 303 773 1 525 2 706 2 222 2 560 853 590 183 \$52 000	6 635 15 61 236 669 1 343 1 452 1 709 665 368 1117 \$56 200	7 180 25 23 87 603 1 360 1 123 2 297 920 564 178 \$62 600	3 347 - 25 64 259 594 487 964 415 419 120 \$64 000	1 248 	495 - 10 22 93 46 156 64 80 24 \$68 800	234 - 15 9 38 19 87 40 26 - \$67 100	2.70 1.89 1.81 1.85 2.20 2.49 2.61 3.19 3.46 3.61	105 543 265 1 184 3 624 10 266 20 633 18 162 28 568 11 621 8 501 2 719
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income	<b>44 330</b> \$21 131	6 850 \$9 811	15 198 \$20 336	<b>7 944</b> \$24 125	<b>8 172</b> \$24 873	<b>3 847</b> \$25 730	1 <b>432</b> \$25 845	<b>594</b> \$28 125	<b>293</b> \$28 939	2.51	129 746
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	19.2 21.2 10.9 <b>2 331</b> \$3 121	23.9 29.4 18.1 <b>916</b> \$2500—	16.5 20.2 10— <b>531</b> \$3 478	18.8 20.1 10 <b>239</b> \$2 626	20.5 21.2 10— <b>282</b> \$5 205	20.4 21.1 10— <b>237</b> \$4 037	20.8 21.4 10— <b>66</b> \$6 667	19.5 20.2 10— <b>40</b> \$7 188	21.0 21.6 10— <b>20</b> \$10 577	1.97	
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	50+ 50+ 38.4	48.6 50 + 40.1	50+ 50+ 37.2	50+ 50+ 31.4	50+ 50+ 50+	50+ 50+ 50+	50 + 50 + -	50+ 50+	36.3 36.3 -		
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	18 809 2 902	7 014	<b>5 900</b> 1 825	2 880 644	1 <b>799</b> 275	<b>796</b> 80	<b>270</b> 41	107 33	43 4	1. <b>9</b> 1 2.30	<b>40 351</b> 7 342
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms Median	510 1 221 3 569 6 863 3 488 1 697 1 461 4.1	442 903 2 372 2 266 660 212 159 3.4	43 249 954 2 843 1 088 438 285 4.1	25 49 186 1 100 868 405 247 4.6	11 44 508 527 321 388 5.1	- 9 6 108 241 203 229 5.7	- 7 26 90 69 78 5.7	- - 12 14 31 50 6.4	- - - 18 25 8.5+	1.08 1.18 1.25 1.91 2.50 2.99 3.60	595 1 622 5 014 13 725 9 046 5 309 5 040
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more  Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more	18 553 18 065 383 105 256 239 9	6 825 6 825 - 189 189	5 861 5 818 - 43 39 39 -	2 861 2 795 49 17 19	1 790 1 744 35 11 9 -	796 673 108 15 - - -	270 147 116 7 - -	107 50 45 12 - - -	43 13 30 - - - - -	1.92 1.88 5.50 3.06 1.18 1.13 4.00 3.00	40 006 37 484 2 139 383 345 299 26 20
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or attoched  2	8 244 2 401 2 307 1 469 2 280 1 070 1 038	2 106 802 1 092 799 1 210 663 342	2 501 842 754 465 759 245 334	1 536 455 318 105 163 137	1 202 195 105 64 98 15	579 70 38 24 29 10 46	207 15 - 18 - 30	81 14 - 12 - -	32 8 - - 3 -	2.31 1.97 1.58 1.42 1.44 1.31 2.03	20 928 4 978 4 191 2 473 3 785 1 614 2 382
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	18 112 665 1 071 2 507 3 693 4 102 2 592 1 152 1 237 522 571 \$260	6 880 507 698 1 442 1 760 1 334 471 173 153 97 245 \$218	5 668 99 236 630 1 193 1 617 1 084 324 224 95 166 \$268	2 808 50 62 290 477 714 570 250 242 77 76 \$286	1 656 7 63 94 164 298 312 251 295 118 54 \$328	704 2 - 44 69 112 105 97 194 69 12 \$357	255 - 6 7 255 17 26 30 91 35 18 \$408	102 	39 	1.88 1.16 1.27 1.37 1.57 1.94 2.26 2.82 3.50 3.40 1.74	38 364 816 1 636 4 325 6 698 8 553 6 144 3 286 4 020 1 707 1 179
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979  Medion income  Income in 1979 below poverty level  Medion income  Medion gross rent os percentage of household income  Medion income  Medion gross rent os percentage of household income	18 809 \$11 100 27.4 3 498 \$3 496 50+	<b>7 014</b> \$7 928 30.4 <b>1 451</b> \$2 730 50+	5 900 \$12 433 25.0 933 \$3 552 50+	2 880 \$13 480 26.4 476 \$4 022 50+	1 799 \$14 686 26.6 375 \$5 374 50+	796 \$15 404 24.3 150 \$6 058 50+	270 \$15 143 35.5 70 \$6 429 50+	\$17 212 27.7 23 \$7 396 50+	\$18 250 26.5 20 \$9 167 50+	1.91  1.82 	40 351

Table A-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units:

		Morried-cc	Married-couple fomilies				Male househalder,	no wife	present		_ E	mole househol	Female householder, no husband present	present	-	
15 to 24 years		25 to 34 35 yeors	35 to 44 4 years	45 to 64 (	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 yeors and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 4 yeors	45 to 64 yeors	65 years and over	Median
1 277		8 634	7 783	10 917	4 138	014	1 407	959	836	572	331	1 329	1 106	2 238	2 702	<b>4</b>
687 439 138 6 7 7 2.43	3 1221	945 131 131 178 3.59 281	785 1 260 2 917 1 706 1 115 4.13 33 405	5 436 2 583 1 661 731 506 2.51 32 359	3 697 3 360 51 10 20 2 20 9 094	225 127 46 12 12 1.41	884 358 110 42 13 1.30 2 199	324 208 51 42 15 1.50 1 226	575 169 65 21 21 6 6 1.23	479 60 25 25 3 5 5 1.10 751	162 116 51 2 2 1.53 563	465 383 251 148 41 41 2.02 3 023	166 302 324 178 90 90 46 2.76	1 319 522 211 137 35 14 1.35 3 917	2 251 405 37 9 9 1.10	59.3 56.0 40.7 37.3 38.0 39.7
772 1	-	8 634 178 -	7 783 182 -	10 889 119 28 -	4 132 6 6 6	410 7 -	1 385 7 22 -	650	831 5	572	331	1 329 16 -	1 100 17 6	2 234 6 4	2 698	44.1 38.2 51.0 67.5
886 842 666 666 235 235 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78		7 7 679 7 532 980 980 980 1 980 1 1 944 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6 6 818 5 72 2 012 2 012 2 012 1 22 1 1 22 1 1 22 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1	8 930 1 386 1 386 1 386 1 386 1 386 1 502 1 503 1 13 1 13 1 13	2 992 264 183 183 196 197 20.2 20.2 20.2 104 104 104 104	22 23 24 24 25 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27	1064 9774 9777 126 136 130 130 83 283 283 7 7 7 7	<b>244</b> 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 80	55.5 93.3 93.3 95.5 96.5 96.5 97.7 7.7 7.7	25 26 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37	15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15.	9377 9377 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1	866 762 762 762 765 767 783 783 783 783 784 784 784 784 784 784 784 784 784 784	1 628 1 133 1 659 1 67 1 127 1 127 2 2 5 2 2 5 2 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	2 068 3348 3348 335 336 336 336 337 337 337 337 337 337 337	<b>4.8.</b> 33.5.2. 2.6. 3.8. 3.7. 2.7. 2.7. 2.7. 2.7. 2.7. 2.7. 2.7
-0- 1 695		2 638	2 <b>8</b>	1 78	5. <b>48</b>	-01 1 753	2 105	- <b>57</b>	3 <b>3</b>	255	2 220	1 913	-01 <b>731</b>	C. <b>26</b>	1 255	29.5
964 478 478 179 60 14 2.38 4 381	<b>~</b>	740 681 757 276 184 3.35 8 943	201 201 236 200 200 110 3.94 3 530	453 161 121 102 27 2.45 2.45	450 33 33 6 2.04 1 046	770 698 215 215 61 - 9 1.65 2 955	1 330 511 159 77 21 7 1.29 3 240	361 133 54 19 12 1.30 908	528 73 24 10 9 9 1.11 791	227 19 9 1.06 293	1 066 787 267 71 11 11 1.56 3 884	809 507 417 129 34 17 1.79 3 669	208 233 122 103 50 50 15 1 710	507 159 32 32 14 11 1.27	1 208 36 4 4 1.02 1 339	31.2 27.1 28.1 34.6 33.7
1 683 79 12		2 628 140 10	884 80 1 1	856 47 8 8	489	1 720 38 33	2 051 18 74 9	571 - 8	601 5 43	223	2 190 30 -	1 894 8 19	36	77.	1 255	29.5 31.4 29.6 34.7
660 230 230 230 230 230 230 230 230 230 23		2 481 443 443 403 291 291 265 266 23.0	804   151   150   187   61   47   119   119   22.4	747 1944 1988 1988 1988 1988 1988 1988 1988	<b>429</b> 659 750 750 750 750 750 750 750 750 750 750	1 709 159 232 332 332 171 171 283 33 27.7	2 066 3 402 402 200 200 200 244 84 24.1	<b>553</b> 140 1039 1039 27 27 28 45 19.7	<b>628</b> 174 174 175 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178 178	<b>25</b> 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	2 189 96 96 229 229 267 214 452 726 66 86	1 892 94 212 273 273 330 469 483 33.0	719 16 85 85 99 92 66 125 125 125 34.8	76 77 77 77 77 88 88 128 220 270 37 4.6	1 224 99 100 175 114 88 171 350 127 33.4	231.1 29.7 28.1 28.1 28.3 40.2 40.2

Table A -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see anneadixes A and 81

	Education Committee	nes beset en e	sumple, see	Male haus		or symbols,	see Intraductian. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]  Female hauseholder								
The SMSA			15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years		15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years		
Y	Total	Total	years	years	years	yeors	and over	Total	years	years	yeors	years	and over		
Owner-occupied housing units	6 850	2 487	225	884	324	575	479	4 363	162	465	166	1 319	2 251		
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	6 824 26	2 465 22	225 _	862 22	324 -	575 -	479 -	4 359 4	162	465 -	166 -	1 315 4	2 251 -		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached  2 or more  Mobile home or troiler, etc	5 272 431 1 147	1 900 159 428	143 22 60	692 69 123	236 29 59	426 30 119	403 9 67	3 372 272 719	108 3 51	364 42 59	116 26 24	961 110 248	1 823 91 337		
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 687 1 798	359 456	38 48	44 101	13 37	66 107	198 163	1 328 1 342	19 87	43 63	26 29	247 412	993 751		
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	842 630 839	247 294 457	61 51 16	90 152 272	21 2 57	47 52 81	28 37 31	595 336 382	31 8 15	129 74 105	33 14 44	198 170 136	204 70 82		
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	486 375 87 106	260 264 55 95	11 - - -	110 98 10 7	75 58 14 47	48 108 25 41	16 - 6 -	226 111 32 11	2 - - -	21 25 - 5	20 - - -	96 42 12 6	87 44 20 -		
Median Mean	\$9 811 \$12 200	\$14 043 \$16 693	\$11 086 \$10 208	\$15 814 \$16 423	\$21 739 \$28 499	\$15 680 \$20 346	\$5 811 \$7 864	\$7 971 \$9 640	\$8 750 \$8 995	\$12 452 \$13 671	\$12 121 \$12 294	\$10 006 \$11 485	\$5 690 \$7 577		
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS Specified awner-occupied housing units	4 748	1 689	136	639	196	348	370	3 059	91	324	88	887	1 669		
With a mortgageLess than \$200	2 435 268	1 159 58	114	<b>579</b> 11	181	<b>231</b> 38	<b>54</b> 9	1 276 210	<b>71</b> 9	<b>310</b> 30	<b>88</b> 8	<b>532</b> 124	<b>275</b> 39		
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	422 392 303	158 130 151	20 18 15	59 69 76	22 8 36	34 35 18	23 - 6	264 262 152	15 19 10	28 83 63	18 7 10	129 74 58	74 79 11		
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	298 329	175 203	29 5	81 137	39 41	26 13	7	123 126	14	43 44	15 12	53 26	12 30		
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 ar more	209 130 84	133 79 72	6 14 7	90 29 27	16 6 13	17 25 25	4 5 -	76 51 12	4 - -	13	10 8 -	46 16 6	16 14 -		
MedianNot mortgaged	\$322 2 313	\$374 <b>530</b>	\$357 <b>22</b>	\$396 <b>60</b>	\$381 15	\$324 117	\$239 <b>316</b>	\$281 <b>1 783</b>	\$280 <b>20</b>	\$311 14	\$353	\$259 <b>355</b>	\$266 1 394		
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99	142 395 555	62 90 115	7 15	8 12	- - 5	27 30 12	35   45   71	80 305 440	6 14	6	-	10 58 81	70 235 345		
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$144	549 292	126 45	- -	22 5	10	16 7	88 23	423 247	Ξ	- 8	=	63 73	360 166		
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	238 93 49	50 42	-	7 6	=	12 13	31 23	188 51 49	-	=	=	54 - 16	134 51 33		
MedianSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$103	\$100	\$82	\$111	\$131	\$78	\$102	\$104	\$82	\$128	-	\$111	\$103		
Median selected monthly awner costs as percentage of household income in 1979  With a mortgage Not mortgaged	<b>23.9</b> 29.4 18.1	23.3 26.8 13.6	<b>42.4</b> 45.3 10—	<b>26.1</b> 27.3 11.8	<b>20.7</b> 21.5 10—	17.2 20.0 10—	<b>19.3</b> 50+ 17.5	<b>24.2</b> 31.9 19.3	<b>30.9</b> 32.7 17.5	<b>27.6</b> 27.7 19.4	<b>35.5</b> 35.5	<b>23.4</b> 31.4 15.0	<b>22.7</b> 43.8 20.7		
Percent belaw poverty level	916 13.4	185 7.4	16 7.1	21 2.4	13 4.0	<b>38</b> 6.6	97 20.3	<b>731</b> 16.8	7 4.3	<b>26</b> 5.6	<b>26</b> 15.7	<b>188</b> 14.3	<b>484</b> 21.5		
Renter-occupied housing units	7 014	3 216	770	1 330	361	528	227	3 798	1 066	809	208	507	1 208		
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	6 825 189	3 055 161	737 33	1 285 45	353 8	485 43	195 32	3 770 28	1 059 7	790 19	208	505 2	1 208		
1, detoched or attoched	2 106 802	1 063 367	319 64	433 171	97 45	144 70	70 17	1 043 435	269 101	230 100	76 56	163 54	305 124		
3 and 4 5 to 9	1 092 799	471 444	61 147	254 192	70 21	71 66	15 18	621 355 755	285 115	184 93 145	11 18 31	60 52 102	81 77 282		
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	1 210 663 342	455 205 211	96 23 60	147 50 83	81 23 24	83 58 36	48 51 8	458 131	195 72 29	43 14	16	31 45	312 27		
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	2 134	777	190	259	50	125	153	1 357	346	152	50	123	686		
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	2 322 934 537	871 460 292	335 117 93	351 213 149	23 65 16	100 59 34	62 6	1 451 474 245	564 99 21	233 220 114	62 40 48	242 63 34	350 52 28		
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	537 539 208	402 149	23 4	201 59	78 42	100 44	-	137 59	29 7	52 22	-	35 2	21 28		
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	226 57	159 49	-	59 3 <u>2</u>	60 12	34 5	6 -	67 8	=	16	8 -	8	43		
\$50,000 or mare Median Mean	57 \$7 928 \$9 788	57 \$9 770 \$12 347	8 \$7 917 \$9 286	7 \$10 646 \$11 776	15 \$16 183 \$20 483	27 \$11 653 \$15 812	\$4 184 \$5 077	\$6 831 \$7 622	\$6 412 \$6 445	\$10 222 \$10 046	\$9 459 \$8 893	\$7 995 \$8 574	\$4 623 \$6 419		
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	6 880	3 136	746	1 317	344	512	217	3 744	1 054	803	208	502	1 177		
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	507 698	202 374	25 74	31 152	29	69 89	77 30	305 324	80	69 152	_	11 43 93	294 132 144		
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	1 442 1 760 1 334	691 770 641	206 216 163	280 362 271	40 76 134	103 105 73	62 11 -	751 990 693	329 337 231	295 197	33 60 62	123 82	175 121		
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	471 173	244 68	37 10	147 25	28 6	26 27	6	227 105	46 10	58 19	14 18	44 27	65 31 77		
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or mare No cash rent	153 97 245	44 20 82	1 4 10	8 8 33	13 18	10 8 2	12 - 19	109 77 163	_ _ 21	7 - 6	15 -	19 29 31	33 105		
MedianSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$218	\$217	\$210	\$228	\$257	\$190	\$130	\$218	\$214	\$227	\$256	\$239	\$188		
Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	30.4 1 451	26.1 521	31.4 129	26.0 193	20.2 29	20.7 98	32.0 72	34.5 930	42.0 270	28.5 86	33.1 44	36.5 98	34.0 432 35.8		
Percent below poverty level	20.7	16.2	16.8	14.5	8.0	18.6	31.7	24.5	25.3	10.6	21.2	19.3	35.8		

#### Table A=12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Dota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					<u> </u>				
The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	1 321	612	556	153	Vocant for rent housing units	2 177	1 495	558	124
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Medion	53 200 342 339 178 209 5.7	40 97 192 177 61 45 5.4	80 140 128 88 120 6.0	13 23 10 34 29 44 6.4	1 room	93 144 456 878 371 172 63 4.0	93 83 309 590 269 127 24 3.9	49 109 261 78 27 34 4.0	- 12 38 27 24 18 5
PLUMBING FACILITIES	1 000	(00	550	145	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 299 22	602 10	552 4	145 8	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 150 27	1 473 22	558 -	119
BEDROOMS							]		
None	6 54 439 583 205 34	34 219 300 52 1	16 174 248 88 30	4 46 35 65 3	BEDROOMS  None	131 611 1 076 330 29	103 410 752 217 13	19 155 295 73 16	9 46 29 40
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	-	-	-	-
1975 to Morch 1980	817 175 66 127 58 78	410 70 19 55 23 35	315 76 42 59 35 29	92 29 5 13 - 14	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	588 369 385 264 298 273	446 241 249 166 187 206	124 104 102 74 102 52	18 24 34 24 9
1, detoched or ottoched	1 098	449	519	130	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more Mobile home or trailer	176 47	143 20	17 20	16 7	1, detached or ottached	927 196	593 104	249 81	85 11
HEATING EQUIPMENT					3 and 45 to 9	237 211	188	49 73	<del>-</del>
Centrol heating system Other means None	1 200 111 10	564 48 -	483 63 10	153 - -	10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler	376 64 166	309 57 106	62 7 37	5
PRICE ASKED					RENT ASKED		,,,,	•	
Specified vacant for sale only housing units	99 <b>3</b> -	405	466	122	Specified vacant for rent housing units	2 149	1 495	550	104
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$79,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	34 28 64 197 171 258 106	20 - 46 90 81 90	- 23 18 88 81 125 65	14 5 - 19 9 43 24	Less than \$100	59 167 529 628 553 165 48	32 121 402 432 373 107 28	27 32 98 185 160 33	- 14 29 11 20 25 5
\$100,000 or more	135 \$60 200	61 \$55 300	\$63 000	8 \$65 800	Median	\$228	\$228	\$231	\$225

#### Table A -13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

F	To the destination of terms, see appendixes A and by														
		Price osked	—Specified	vocont for s	ole only hou	sing units		Rent oskedSpecified vocant for rent housing units							
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollors)	
Total	993	-	62	261	535	135	60 200	2 149	59	696	1 181	165	48	228	
PLUMBING FACILITIES															
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	979 14	-	62	255 6	527 8	135 -	60 400 56 300	2 122 27	44 15	684 12	1 181	165	48 _	229 86	
BEDROOMS															
None	6 23 255 503 186 20	- - - - -	49 13 -	6 12 89 137 17	- 11 99 294 130	- 18 59 39 19	32 500 44 700 48 900 57 800 82 200 111 800	131 596 1 071 322 29	11 20 28 - -	115 316 221 44 -	5 218 772 176 10	32 46 72 15	10 4 30 4	133 193 244 271 325	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT															
1975 to March 1980	627 105 52 119 32 58	- - - - -	13 9 22 - 8 10	102 29 16 73 15 26	414 56 14 28 9	98 11 - 18 - 8	66 700 60 400 39 000 46 300 44 400 45 000	588 369 370 259 298 265	10 8 19 11	46 71 149 115 145 170	481 243 155 93 129 80	50 26 44 32 13	10 19 14 - - 5	254 237 229 199 197 167	
UNITS IN STRUCTURE															
1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	993 		62 	261	535	135	60 200 	899 1 084 166	27 28 4	267 319 110	460 669 52	107 58 —	38 10 -	230 236 182	

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Dota are estimat		o sample, sec	mirodociion	TOT INCOMM	9 07 371110013,	, see minouse	11011. 101 001	milions of ter	ns, see oppen	dixes A dild b		
Boise City city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	22 519	68	390	1 422	3 144	5 160	4 229	4 877	1 705	1 131	393	52 100	58 600
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	16 411	25	144	699	1 025	3 713	3 243	3 979	3 400	0/0	2/4	54 (00	(0.200
15 to 24 years	425 4 230 3 620 5 900 2 236 1 746 121 746	7 - 6 12 - - -	164 10 20 18 67 49 53 5	7 72 83 251 286 <b>169</b> 12 42	1 835 93 479 297 563 403 396 44	195 1 123 574 1 290 531 <b>437</b> 34 224	73 1 059 645 1 136 330 <b>207</b> 11 103	35 1 001 1 059 1 476 408 <b>313</b> 10	270 455 570 125 93 5	969 5 158 365 381 60 58	364 48 124 160 32 20	54 600 44 800 53 400 62 600 55 900 47 000 45 500 39 900 45 500	62 300 45 200 58 900 70 600 64 500 52 400 51 800 42 600 50 500
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	201 367 311 4 362 99 713 512 1 368 1 670 46.5	43 6 - 5 32 66.4	173 173 7 39 17 110 66.0	5 47 63 <b>554</b> 12 32 16 156 338 <b>63.8</b>	26 93 54 <b>913</b> 36 173 77 236 391 <b>49.9</b>	69 1 76 3 1 010 22 244 138 304 302 44.3	8 43 779 11 124 111 299 234 44.5	38 60 45 585 5 122 213 180 44.4	31 19 5 192 - 20 26 92 54 45.3	24 25 104 - 16 22 37 29 44.8	20 - 9 - 9 - 9 - 45.4	50 300 46 900 38 800 <b>45 200</b> 36 600 44 300 51 700 48 800 39 200	69 400 53 400 45 400 47 400 37 300 46 500 56 200 51 500 42 300
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	3 432 7 321 3 675 4 088 4 003	7 6 5 6 44	17 45 79 96 153	51 174 304 328 565	386 876 508 561 813	826 1 763 730 969 872	679 1 465 631 769 685	862 1 769 875 809 562	343 637 277 291 157	217 433 173 190 118	44 153 93 69 34	55 100 54 800 53 100 50 900 44 800	62 800 62 300 58 900 57 500 48 800
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	464 2 348 4 764 5 198 3 576 6 169 6.2	11 30 20 - 7 - 4.3	87 130 118 28 27 - 4.3	120 586 428 192 52 44 4.5	107 881 1 140 613 215 188 5.0	89 398 1 688 1 598 772 615 5.8	17 188 854 1 420 777 973 6.2	27 114 435 1 113 1 214 1 974 7.1	11 51 171 344 1 128 8.1	- 5 30 57 144 895 8.5+	6 5 - 6 24 352 8.5+	31 200 35 400 44 000 51 000 59 100 70 800	34 900 36 400 44 700 52 900 62 400 82 000
BEDROOMS  None	57 699 5 319 10 475 4 608 1 361	6 12 37 13 - -	6 86 242 46 10 -	24 178 836 336 48 –	6 200 1 654 1 081 183 20	9 153 1 315 3 000 604 79	- 24 619 2 693 721 172	41 449 2 331 1 609 447	- 5 95 586 773 246	- 60 312 476 283	6   - 12 77 184 114	25 600 33 500 39 400 52 400 67 700 77 300	42 500 34 700 42 100 56 800 75 800 90 900
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or eorlier	3 816 2 664 4 422 5 001 2 826 3 790	- - 16 25 27	8 12 17 57 88 208	22 57 95 354 345 549	110 206 441 876 714 797	452 665 1 076 1 428 706 833	824 500 979 953 443 530	1 329 729 1 124 824 319 552	591 286 332 277 109 110	358 148 284 164 49 128	122 61 74 52 28 56	66 200 57 300 55 200 48 600 42 900 44 200	73 900 63 600 62 800 53 900 47 200 49 400
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or mare Median Median	1 221 2 302 1 491 1 537 3 254 3 554 4 917 2 673 1 570 \$21 868 \$25 506	7 43 12 - 6 6 - - - \$6 570 \$8 218	112 86 68 43 38 11 20 12 - \$9 847 \$11 024	270 376 175 118 201 150 88 24 20 \$10 929 \$13 567	348 526 360 258 638 471 420 111 12 \$15 613 \$16 429	192 486 410 515 1 033 932 1 107 359 126 \$19 693 \$21 187	134 374 237 278 646 875 1 153 421 111 \$22 380 \$23 374	121 292 192 253 519 798 1 485 905 312 \$26 568 \$28 380	14 37 5 35 88 222 489 502 313 \$34 241 \$37 364	17 78 32 37 64 68 126 276 433 \$41 371 \$48 024	6 4 - 27 21 29 63 243 \$64 707 \$86 413	36 500 42 400 43 100 46 800 47 300 51 900 56 700 66 600 92 600	40 500 45 600 44 700 49 500 51 200 55 600 60 300 73 100 105 600
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent or more Not and percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not computed Medion	17 027 5 238 3 139 2 909 1 910 1 215 2 579 37 20,2 5 492 2 568 1 139 676 340 214 186 343 26 10,7	16 6 6 6 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	93 21 16 11 11 11 34 	581 163 80 87 64 120 6 22.6 841 321 177 116 62 38 46 81 -	2 101 628 349 331 245 221 318 9 21.0 1 043 396 216 157 91 43 55 80 5	4 088 1 171 770 763 449 279 649 7 20.7 1 072 521 247 146 60 23 3 24 51 -	3 382 1 041 618 601 374 247 494 7 20.2 847 382 165 133 35 50 29 53 -	4 045 1 232 748 695 451 261 658 - 20.3 832 481 185 30 69 15 30 10	1 445 478 289 287 176 78 137 - 19,2 260 184 64 6 6	960 349 197 122 98 40 146 8 18.2 171 97 20 - 26 13	316 149 72 12 42 42 15.6 77 47 20 - - 10 -	54 100 54 700 55 800 53 900 53 800 53 000 47 500 48 000 45 100 40 800 36 000 42 800 36 500 38 800 78 300 	61 300 64 100 62 900 58 600 61 800 58 600 60 400 50 700 41 200 41 600 47 600 47 600 80 600 
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room  Ladding complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room  Heating equipment	22 515 187 4 - 22 498	68 - - - - 68	390 7 - 390	1 418 29 4 1 422	3 144 36 - 3 138	5 160 62 - 5 160	4 229 14 - 4 229	4 877 26 - 4 877	1 705 7 - 1 699	1 131 - - 1 131	393 6 - 384	52 100 43 600 21 300 52 100	58 600 48 900 21 300 58 500
Centrol heating system	19 833 14 189 9 351 941 4.2	23 63 10 7 10.3	251 145 17 66 16.9	1 133 624 159 174 12.2	2 502 1 378 411 237 7.5	4 449 2 886 1 357 146 2.8	3 855 2 740 1 832 122 2.9	4 516 3 615 3 049 137 2.8	1 655 1 405 1 273 14 0.8	1 086 990 937 32 2.8	363 343 306 6 1.5	53 400 56 900 64 700 39 400	60 200 64 100 72 600 45 300

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Boise City city	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 ta \$149	\$150 ta \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 ar more	No cash rent	Median (dollars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	14 315	572	912	2 034	2 908	3 265	2 092	899	932	356	345	258
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	4 205	40	122	451	699	073	924	303	506	171	129	200
Married-couple families  15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over  Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	4 305 1 238 1 735 504 497 331 4 317 1 438 1 694 466 512 207 5 693 1 924 1 509 584 613	48 16 7 7 18 182 13 31 - 69 342 7 33 17	123 366 50 6 31 387 84 166 29 78 30 402 107 109 16	451 158 192 32 36 33 744 266 287 53 91 47 839 411 201 30 88	688 292 223 68 70 35 1 035 451 97 110 20 1 185 513 352 99	973 323 403 76 100 71 869 313 330 151 68 8 401 167 167	824 270 326 99 81 48 572 244 230 61 31 61 214 212 125 73	393 104 169 65 42 13 212 80 77 28 27 29 4 111 60 18	506 	171 	128 39 14 - 37 38 90 20 27 18 18 127 14 6	289 264 298 335 3111 280 240 248 240 266 211 136 251 243 257 287 259
65 years and over	1 063 <b>29.0</b>	269 <b>70.0</b>	110 <b>29.9</b>	109 <b>27.1</b>	139 <b>27.0</b>	142 <b>27.9</b>	72 <b>28.3</b>	31 <b>29.6</b>	81 <b>34.4</b>	33 <b>38.3</b>	77 <b>57.0</b>	202
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	9 843 3 213 721 367 171	241 145 153 27 6	513 236 109 21 33	1 299 522 123 74 16	2 008 700 118 59 23	2 392 708 97 54 14	1 610 396 54 13	706 171 12 10 -	682 195 20 35 -	254 73 29 - -	138 67 6 74 60	266 248 185 225 201
ROOMS 1 room	479 1 061 3 079 5 241 2 422 1 094 939 4.0	93 160 185 114 7 7 6 2.7	152 197 283 174 51 44 11 2.9	89 284 974 420 187 49 31 3.2	57 251 941 1 210 319 79 51 3.7	10 115 414 1 966 572 111 77 4.1	23 147 997 636 175 114 4.4	10 8 25 145 315 229 167 5.3	56 15 21 88 223 298 231 5.7	6 5 21 19 49 60 196 6.7	6 3 68 108 63 42 55 4.4	143 179 203 268 303 363 396
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979												
All income levels in 1979  Complete plumbing for exclusive use	14 315 14 080 9 539 4 233 214 94 235 74 152 9 - 2 687 2 619	572 512 411 101 	912 805 578 212 - 15 107 37 61 9 - 216	2 034 1 997 1 368 600 15 14 20 17 - 472 455	2 908 2 888 2 042 791 39 16 20 - 20 - 413 413	3 265 3 259 2 396 802 61 - 6 - 575 575	2 092 2 087 1 371 667 37 12 5 - 5 - 301	899 899 484 369 30 16  - 117	932 932 407 487 23 1 15 	356 356 195 152 9 - - - - 31	345 345 287 52 - 6 - - - - - 85 85	258 260 254 279 295 245 121 115 128 145 - - 234 238
1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per roam	62 68 9	24	10 27 9	5 17	12	11 _ _	6 -	3 -	9 -	-	6	277 116 145
BEDROOMS None 1 2	694 4 570 6 571 1 959 425 96	129 332 98 13 -	223 490 145 42 6	177 1 281 472 92 12	69 1 475 1 209 147 8	10 663 2 411 141 40	129 1 581 335 47	18 34 320 415 89 23	56 45 141 551 123	6 42 47 157 79 25	6 79 147 66 21	148 205 280 371 400 438
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or oftached  2  3 and 4  5 to 9  10 to 49  50 or mare  Mobile home or trailer, etc.	5 725 1 933 1 766 1 319 2 149 1 040 383	37 44 98 158 235	311 41 160 146 148 78 28	562 201 394 374 327 79 97	984 365 459 246 534 149 171	932 567 475 316 673 257 45	966 496 210 111 178 111 20	687 130 9 22 32 19	736 67 - 6 63 60	265 35 9 - 20 27	245 31 6 - 16 25 22	295 282 234 209 242 241 212
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	3 418 2 452 2 491 2 114 1 817 2 023	227 153 64 7 29 92	134 112 91 103 134 338	155 218 293 385 340 643	487 459 526 448 591 397	1 035 749 637 409 264 171	712 426 300 309 197 148	245 85 172 191 149 57	260 146 269 150 48 59	119 83 77 33 27 17	44 21 62 79 38 101	283 272 267 260 229 191
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3	13 824 491	330 242	842 70	1 984 50	2 897 11	3 265 -	2 083	889 10	859 73	336 20	339 6	260 101
With elevator	458 1 822 2 173 2 146 1 705 1 355 1 979 2 584 551 27.2	231 145 63 127 95 59 25 40 18 22.7	70 167 141 144 152 54 148 89 17 24.8	336 337 340 206 155 211 396 33 24.5	411 512 394 385 269 412 501 24 26.6	383 444 450 418 405 435 670 60 28.9	236 328 328 251 222 352 333 42 27.6	50 140 119 116 108 157 203 6 31.0	73 75 137 206 70 57 163 218 6 28.2	20 19 51 38 12 26 76 134 38.3	345	233 251 258 252 267 272 271 257
Heating equipment  Central heating system  Air conditioning  Central system	14 287 12 465 7 702 3 141	<b>572</b> 524 <b>330</b> 100	<b>894</b> 673 <b>245</b> 47	2 028 1 648 601 171	2 904 2 436 1 519 388	3 265 3 019 2 165 645	2 092 1 874 1 314 746	<b>899</b> 813 <b>492</b> 303	9 <b>32</b> 862 <b>559</b> 372	<b>356</b> 336 <b>266</b> 235	345 280 211 134	<b>259</b> 263 <b>275</b> 310

Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oota are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Но	usehold incor	ne in 1979				·		
Boise City city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 19 <b>79 bel</b> ow poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	25 734	1 516	2 901	1 800	1 757	3 755	3 875	5 377	2 995	1 758	21 374	24 958	1 171
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 yeors 35 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 yeors 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	18 136 512 4 481 3 875 6 545 2 723 2 269 198 895 288 517 371 5 329 122 839 664 1 683 2 021 47.3	331 9 31 62 78 151 185 19 20 11 26 109 1 000 18 95 40 181 666 69.6	1 120 43 152 100 219 606 382 60 103 24 80 115 1 399 29 94 120 464 692 64.2	881 49 209 98 209 316 155 20 47 5 35 48 764 23 153 111 237 240 54.3	1 071 35 296 152 277 311 206 25 104 8 39 30 480 14 99 108 173 86 47.0	2 658 207 911 347 735 458 376 27 230 17 73 29 721 4 200 139 251 127 40.0	3 145 120 1 044 697 1 037 280 16 133 66 45 20 450 12 67 56 194 121	4 669 41 1 237 1 241 1 834 316 368 20 157 61 116 340 22 99 58 106 55 42.9	2 689 409 734 1 396 150 161 63 36 50 6 145 - 14 26 71 34 47.4	1 572 8 192 444 760 168 156 53 860 53 - 18 6 6 6 46.9	24 774 17 500 23 157 28 694 28 962 14 819 17 206 12 500 20 344 10 869 11 522 14 457 13 912 12 073 6 935	28 911 18 327 26 375 32 086 32 916 32 927 21 670 18 015 21 361 34 501 24 691 16 739 15 739 15 739 14 200 9 222	425 9 89 113 86 128 117 14 27 11 19 46 629 11 102 50 143 323 60.7
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT  1979 to Morch 1980  1975 to 1978  1970 to 1974  1960 to 1969  1959 or eorlier	4 098 8 604 4 193 4 495 4 344	153 263 216 244 640	312 800 438 525 826	292 458 273 333 444	336 587 260 271 303	756 1 368 504 549 578	664 1 478 574 652 507	880 2 019 944 979 555	415 1 005 621 611 343	290 626 363 331 148	21 587 22 567 23 557 22 087 14 662	25 313 26 290 27 012 25 865 19 064	147 338 170 199 317
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS  Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system Air conditioning Centrol system Vehicles available 1 2 or more House heating fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other Median rooms	25 704 212 30 6 25 708 22 741 11 137 24 897 6 719 18 178 25 708 12 478 180 5 761 5 327 1 962 6.1	1 512 13 4 - 1 516 1 257 687 382 1 117 846 271 1 516 769 12 218 413 104	2 891 10 6 2 901 1 598 981 2 592 1 535 1 057 2 901 1 421 49 486 779 166 4,9	1 800 18 - 1 794 1 483 982 442 1 738 843 895 1 794 15 290 442 1 133 5.3	1 757 20  1 757 1 580 896 528 1 742 660 1 082 1 757 854 8 8 366 393 136 5.6	3 750 39 5 755 3 755 3 191 2 311 1 312 3 714 1 149 2 565 3 755 1 619 26 869 830 411 5.8	3 864 24 111 -3 870 3 358 2 547 1 650 3 875 697 3 178 3 870 1 966 25 909 591 379 6.2	5 377 38 - 5 368 4 935 3 765 2 589 5 373 610 4 763 5 368 2 684 15 1 294 992 383 665	2 995 43 	1 758 6 6 7 1 752 1 713 1 549 1 400 1 758 125 1 633 1 752 822 22 296 50 8.1	21 383 22 083 15 500 8 750 21 365 22 038 23 639 25 951 21 866 13 013 25 071 21 365 21 631 16 364 23 292 18 791 20 423	24 970 23 971 14 493 9 665 24 949 25 820 27 980 31 014 15 662 29 238 24 949 24 458 21 464 25 753 23 973 22 809	1 163 13 8 1 171 1 000 554 348 933 536 397 1 171 608 12 236 230 85 5.1
Specified owner-occupied housing units  MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	22 519	1 221	2 302	1 491	1 537	3 254	3 554	4 917	2 673	1 570	21 868	25 506	941
OWNER COSTS  With a mortgage	17 027 1 156 2 083 2 089 2 150 2 220 3 312 1 957 1 286 774 \$373 5 492 1 23 476 976 1 292 1 173 977 305 170 \$123	496 63 145 54 54 37 79 29 11 24 \$287 <b>725</b> 29 181 192 168 66 60 24 5	1 163 198 276 178 125 153 91 83 35 24 \$280 1 139 62 157 293 281 195 86 36 29 \$105	933 148 166 167 93 153 121 63 18 4 \$296 558 13 48 102 160 150 80 5	1 125 97 168 174 205 153 213 79 36 - \$330 412 71 137 91 72 15 14	2 524 213 277 382 377 408 511 203 104 49 \$352 730 19 38 138 185 162 146 32 10 \$123	2 941 179 352 296 396 498 673 350 181 16 \$375 613 - 6 72 147 162 125 68 33 \$138	4 267 177 177 111 482 550 511 922 564 393 157 \$390 650 	2 259 55 161 257 255 205 490 342 285 209 \$431 414 - 5 39 57 100 160 53 - \$152	1 319 26 27 99 95 102 212 244 223 291 \$540 251 - 7 32 56 65 24 67 \$173	23 774 16 463 19 883 21 346 22 247 21 522 24 516 26 250 29 826 32 203 14 466 7 138 6 696 10 074 13 175 17 894 21 250 21 841 24 250	27 322 18 196 20 544 23 693 24 814 24 160 26 936 31 962 37 496 19 874 7 724 8 837 12 886 16 540 20 793 24 925 30 684 70 281	535 41 107 58 87 59 100 45 16 22 \$335 *406 37 101 100 64 47 33 24 - \$91
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Medion Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	17 027 5 238 3 139 2 909 1 910 1 215 2 579 37 20.2 5 492 2 568 1 139 676 340	496 5 - 5 - 449 37 50+ 725 - 17 51	1 163 9 15 70 102 132 835 - 45.6 1 139 98 270 390 163	933 18 73 171 166 113 392 - 31.7 558 114 281 131	1 125 19 130 206 251 176 343 - 29.1 412 129 219 35 20	2 524 278 446 558 484 383 375 24.8 730 466 218	2 941 671 636 858 423 239 114 - 21.0 613 475 105 33	4 267 1 763 1 129 784 396 131 64 - 16.6 650 621 29	2 259 1 377 542 228 64 41 7 - 13.4 414	1 319 1 098 168 34 19 	23 774 34 056 26 801 22 239 19 441 17 355 10 035 2500— 14 466 25 025 12 517 8 768 6 146	27 322 41 604 48 882 23 308 20 756 18 012 10 614 -2 015  19 874 32 003 13 159 9 484 6 727	535 6 -4 14 -474 37 50+ 406 8 -29 42
25 to 29 percent	214 186 343 26 10.7	86 149 270 26 32.3	108 37 73 - 17.6	12.9	9 - - 11.8	10—	- - - 10—	10-	- - - 10—	- - - 10—	5 590 3 923 3 775 2500—	6 225 3 872 3 675 -1 272	24 77 200 26 37.2

Table B -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Но	ousehold inco	me in 1979						
Boise City city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	14 535	2 736	3 775	2 041	1 385	2 028	1 139	1 004	283	144	10 927	12 955	2 721
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families	<b>4 441</b> 1 256	<b>229</b> 85	<b>731</b> 280	711 246	<b>545</b> 228	<b>892</b> 266	<b>634</b> 100	<b>471</b> 41	<b>169</b> 10	59 -	<b>15 024</b> 12 686	16 <b>884</b> 13 329	<b>341</b> 96
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	1 779 534	58 30	229 30	335 44	189 34	354 146	348 126	217 69	37 48	12 7	16 090 19 366	17 157 20 650	134 38
45 to 64 yeors 65 years and over	520 352	26 30	84 108	46 40	43 51	80 46	35 25	117 27	55 19	34 _6	18 241 12 375	22 107 14 763	43 30
Male householder, no wife present	<b>4 362</b> 1 443	<b>728</b> 189	1 119 467	<b>579</b> 253	<b>383</b> 191	<b>719</b> 204	<b>297</b> 46	<b>365</b> 77	<b>95</b> 16	77	11 442 10 647	14 207 11 843	<b>684</b> 274
25 to 34 years	1 703 475 528	238 58 113	422 48 120	213 60 47	130 22 40	332 97 86	152 54 36	150 98 34	42 23	24 15 38	12 248 17 380	14 177 20 658	195 37
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	213 <b>5 732</b>	130 1 779	62 1 <b>925</b>	6 7 <b>51</b>	40 - 457	417	208	34 6 <b>168</b>	14 - 19	36 - 8	11 649 4 461 <b>7 924</b>	18 288 5 957 <b>8 957</b>	117 61 <b>1 696</b>
15 to 24 years	1 929 1 519	544 387	767 436	278 286	111 161	124 118	60 79	34 52	ií -	-	7 665 9 410	8 447 9 913	625 390
35 to 44 years	584 631	140 125	164 278	67 64	82 53	79 75	30 11	22 17	<del>-</del>	-	9 712 8 502	10 192 9 724	160 143
65 years and over Median age	1 069 <b>29.1</b>	583 <b>31.9</b>	280 <b>27.5</b>	56 <b>27.3</b>	50 <b>27.3</b>	21 <b>29.0</b>	28 31.1	43 <b>33.0</b>	38.8	8 47.2	4 744	7 393	378 28.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT													
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978	9 970 3 265	1 769 547	2 714 748	1 451 485	932 348	1 401 458	726 364	701 239	200 51	76 25	10 865 11 740	12 872 13 610	1 <b>9</b> 39 474
1970 to 1974	744 379	262 96	183 84	51 42	46 36	85 70	36	41 23	20 12	20 7	7 254 10 565	11 476 12 322	201
1959 or earlier	177	62	46	12	23	14	4		Ξ.	16	7 454	13 067	45
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	14 300	2 634	3 685	2 023	1 379	2 028	1 125	999	283	144	11 027	13 053	2 653
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	9 672 4 320	2 041 578	2 649 969	1 221 749	906 446	1 289 661	704 396	557 412	187 83	118 26	10 299 12 046	12 556 14 008	1 721 870
1.01 to 1.50	214 94	5 10	27 40	47	17 10	62 16	25	24	7	- -	15 611 9 722	16 518 12 487	30 32
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	<b>235</b> 74	<b>102</b> 19	90 43	18 6	6	=	14	5	-	-	<b>5 491</b> 6 184	<b>6 948</b> 6 541	<b>68</b> 12
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	152 9	74 9	47 —	12	_	_	14	5 -	-	-	5 122 3 750	7 343 3 630	47 9
1.51 or more	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	14 507	2 724	3 759	2 041	1 385	2 028	1 139	1 004	283	144	10 944	12 969	2 717
Central heating system	12 658 <b>7 811</b>	2 272 1 <b>380</b>	3 259 <b>1 845</b>	1 789 <b>1 065</b>	1 251 <b>696</b>	1 724 <b>1 175</b>	1 047 <b>683</b>	913 <b>632</b>	269 <b>204</b>	134 <b>131</b>	11 115 <b>11 597</b>	13 184 14 108	2 269 1 <b>347</b>
Centrol system Vehicles avoilable	3 177 <b>12 843</b>	531 1 812	677 <b>3 261</b>	338 1 <b>93</b> 1	285 1 <b>333</b>	417 1 <b>971</b>	349 1 117	380 <b>991</b>	114 283	86 144	12 873 11 746	16 213 13 881	516 2 005
2 or more	7 223 5 620 <b>14 507</b>	1 483 329 <b>2 724</b>	2 387 874 <b>3 759</b>	1 064 867 <b>2 041</b>	697 636	772 1 199 <b>2 028</b>	397 720	284 707 <b>1 004</b>	100 183	39 105 <b>144</b>	9 481 15 437 <b>10 944</b>	11 044 17 527	1 450 555
House heating fuel	6 049 190	1 087	1 627 37	828 20	<b>1 385</b> 550 24	881 17	<b>1 139</b> 487 21	424 14	<b>283</b> 110 6	55	10 938 10 875	12 969 13 043 12 301	2 717 1 129 40
ElectricityFuel oil, kerosene, etc	6 117 1 703	1 190 305	1 540 466	851 264	633 139	842 237	444 143	415 103	129 30	73 16	10 965 10 762	12 979 12 742	1 124 348
Other	448 <b>4.0</b>	91 <b>3.5</b>	89 <b>3.7</b>	78 <b>4.1</b>	39 4.1	51 <b>4.3</b>	44 4,5	48 <b>4.8</b>	8 5.8	4.3	11 410	12 985	76 <b>3.7</b>
Specified renter-occupied housing units	14 315	2 711	3 724	2 014	1 372	2 005	1 102	994	264	129	10 897	12 840	2 687
CONTRACT RENT													
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	947 1 439	607 377	216 545	55 146	19 130	15 148	15 66	20 19	_ 8	_	4 274 7 770	5 481 9 333	47 <b>9</b> 259
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	3 266 3 571	644 563	1 118 871	580 625	291 380	411 569	124 320	93 183	5 42	_ 18	9 471 11 406	10 144 12 550	600 667
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	2 962 905	292 78	567 150	415 97	409 78	547 141	304 149	323 196	73 11	32 5	13 765 16 650	15 389 17 165	375
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	483 275	14 22	72 48	35 12	18 30	86 40	84 12	96 51	48 42	30 18	20 938 17 583	23 258 24 631	123 52 27
\$500 or more No cosh rent	122 345	13 101	34 103	12 37	5 12	7 41	14 14	13	24 11	26	13 500 8 031	19 617 16 563	20 85
GROSS RENT	\$220	\$169	\$195	\$218	\$229	\$237	\$253	\$275	\$299	\$315	•••	•••	\$196
Less than \$100	572	456	67	30	11	_	_	8	_	_	3 768	4 225	342
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	912 2 034	312 503	402 719	67 340	51 184	59 155	16 76	5 49	. 8	.=	6 353 8 604	7 377 9 340	216 472
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	2 908 3 265 2 0 <b>9</b> 2	457 523	920 762	455 556	291 328	472 533	187 272	95 221	18 54 44	13 16	10 423 11 563	11 608 12 915	413 575 301
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	899 932	227 58 61	360 165 141	278 127 88	303 112 66	371 182 132	241 114 155	242 121 202	20 50	26 - 37	13 993 14 721 18 590	15 577 15 753 20 440	117 135
\$500 or moreNo cosh rent	356 345	13 101	85 103	36 37	14 12	60 41	27 14	51	59 11	11 26	17 581 8 031	23 093 16 563	31 85
Medion	\$258	\$203	\$234	\$258	\$272	\$280	\$298	\$325	\$356	\$343	••••		\$234
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less than 15 percent	1 822 2 173	37 63	- 64 112	61 250	121 267	306 666	366 460	574 292	190 63	103	24 236 17 992	26 114 18 492	15 66
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	2 146 1 705	119 132	366 492	367 485	338 358	632 200	209 31	115 7	_	_	14 135 11 178	14 303 11 135	120 132
30 to 34 percent	1 355 1 979	87 240	577 1 210	416 340	187 89	69 91	13 9	6 <del>-</del>	_	_	10 081 8 075	10 032 8 302	101 306
50 percent or more Not computed Medion	2 584 551 27.2	1 726 307 50+	800 103 37.2	58 37 28.2	12 24.3	41 20.1	14 16.9	14.1	11 12.3	26 10—	4 047 3 964	4 142 10 222	1 656 291 50+
**************************************	21.2	20 T	37.2	20.2	24.3	20.1	10.7	14.1	12.3	10—	• • •	•••	20+

Table B -5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Boise City city	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	17 027	1 156	2 083	2 089	2 150	2 220	3 312	1 957	1 286	774	373
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person		204 477	367 814	307 735	225 645	196 672	229 1 024	145 483	87 296	57 118	307 347
3 persons 4 persons	. 3 588	228 133	398 284	435 352	485 546	482 558	740 709	432 528	237 395	151	376 399
5 persons6 persons	. 1 604	56 38	150	184 37	186 56	187	356 185	227 115	137 89	121	410 448
7 persons8 or more persons	. 225	14	31	20 19	7	27 22	35 34	20	40	38 29	443
Median		2.28	2.33	2.51	2.92	3.00	3.04	3.31	3.56	3.78	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER							İ				
Married-couple families		780	1 402 10	1 <b>544</b> 36	1 <b>67</b> 9 65	1 <b>699</b> 112	2 678 104	1 <b>635</b> 54	1 100 15	671	3 <b>85</b> 388
25 to 34 years	. 4 158	83 168	186 276	291 322	539 374	747 394	1 018 770	715 515	363 364	216 286	420
45 to 64 years65 years and over	. 4 476	372 151	744 186	748 147	640	403 43	740 46	326 25	334 24	169	425 329 252
Male householder, no wife present	1 306	62	186 25	151	165	186	218	1 <b>72</b>	<b>89</b> 5	<b>77</b> 5	374 364
25 to 34 years	. 702	19	78 14	89 11	93 32	89 39	164	94 29	44 11	32 27	390 396
35 to 44 years	. 245	5 22	46	44	18	37	28 7	34	24	13	329 225
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	. 2 533	16 314	23 <b>495</b>	394	306	335	416	150	5 9 <b>7</b>	26	310
15 to 24 years	. 672	12 48	6 55	19 133	34 88	5 126	17 154	20	32	16	314 355
35 to 44 years		19 132	67 293	70   99	91 84	103 96	80 139	36 80	18 47	4 6	348 282
65 years and over	. 304	103 <b>52.8</b>	74 51.3	73   <b>46.3</b>	9 38.8	5 <b>35.2</b>	26 <b>36.6</b>	14 36.2	39.1	39.1	233
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to March 1980		29	107	163	266	469	771	613	582	323	478
1975 to 1978	. 3 104	168 224	378 485	657 579	838 653	1 148 366	1 867 401	934 236	499 106	360 54	411 320
1960 to 1969		532 203	901 212	574   116	322 71	181 56	176 97	125 49	64 35	32 5	252 253
ROOMS											
1 to 3 rooms		34	33 245	35 287	29	34	43 69	13 24	_	6	320 275
4 rooms5 rooms	3 460	186 444	590	456	182 485	133 531	610	230	22 79	35	325
6 rooms	. 2 877	229 100	529 288	483 323	589 304	524 394	977 648	409 416	245 321	44 83	368 404
8 or more rooms		163 5.3	398 5.8	505 6.1	561 6.1	604 6.3	965 6.5	865 7.2	619 7.4	606 8.5+	441
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1975 to March 1980	3 646 2 432	20 33	65 110	145 240	182 5 <b>13</b>	385 371	1 071 602	766 304	627 158	385 101	495 393
1960 to 1969	. 3 852	197	631	617	556	537	627	336 253	182 143	169	343 313
1950 to 1959	. 1 593	412 265	670 324	578 211	469 188	486 214	495 192	91	101	7 54	299 333
1939 or earlier	. 1 940	229	283	298	242	227	325	207	/5	] 34	333
VALUE Less than \$10,000	. 16	16	_	_ [	_	_	_	_	_	_ [	160
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	. 93	40 180	43 143	5 105	- 52	5 58	-	43	-	_	208 239
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	. 2 101	321 394	499 626	422 574	421 679	274 717	126 827	30 218	8 53	_	277 333
\$50,000 to \$59,999\$60,000 to \$79,999	. 3 382	148 45	478 248	458	331 456	477 515	921 1 049	343 703	219 484	7 122	379 427
\$80,000 to \$99,999	. 1 445	12	11	423 75	172	105	242 133	364 213	270 173	194 290	529 592
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	. 316		28 7	24	39	9	14	43	79 \$73 700	161 \$109 800	750+
Medion	\$54 100	\$40 700	\$46 300	\$48 600	\$48 800	\$51 100	\$56 900	\$68 700	\$73 700	\$107 800	•••
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less than 15 percent		695 172	1 122 258	978 386	759 476	473 494	616 677	302 348	154 219	139 109	291 378
20 to 24 percent	2 909	127	230 115	242 192	364 233	456 252	775 401	352 342	242 208	121 123	404
25 to 29 percent	1 215	44 44	70	77	99	184	262	224	155 308	100 182	425 456 426
35 percent or moreNot computed	. 37	65 9	282	214	219	354 7	574 7	381	_	-	375
Median	20.2	13.0	14.4	15.9	18.3	21.5	22.3	24.6	25.7	25.7	•••
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	17 006	1 156	2 077	2 089	2 150	2 220	3 303	1 957	1 280	774	373
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	295	783	39 1 601	30 1 732	56 1 707	18 1 728	32 2 772	29 1 708	32 1 182	53 679	396 382
Other built-in electric units	618	703 72 34	78 104	69 36	74	104 39	149 31	29 14	38	5	358 281
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnoceOther means	1 880	261	255	222	250	331	319	177 1 447	28 1 <b>028</b>	37 710	340 392
Air conditioning	7 787	<b>625</b> 187	1 310 598	1 <b>307</b>   813	1 <b>287</b>   754	1 <b>300</b> 880	2 203 1 743	1 213	925	674 36	433 307
1 or more individual room units	17 006	438 1 156	712 2 077	494 2 089	533 2 <b>150</b>	420 2 <b>220</b>	3 303	234 1 957	103 1 <b>280</b>	774	373
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	8 630	503	1 107 19	1 265 20	1 338	1 175 -	1 643 22	841 33	481	277	354 458
Electricity  Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	4 060	149 351	224 539	260 393	291 296	472 341	994 384	699 258	588 171	383 75	459 320
Other		153	188	151	225	232	260	126	37	39	347

Table B -6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Boise City city	Tatal	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	5 492	123	476	976	1 292	1 173	977	305	170	123
PERSONS IN UNIT	3 4/2	125	4.6	,,,		""	,,,	000		123
1 person2 persons	1 765 2 797	85 38	304 136	392 473	422 717	249 670	203 468	76 188	34 107	106 126
3 persons	527	-	36	80	92	116	169	17	17	137
4 persons5 persons	236 119	_	_	18 6	44 12	68 55	89 27	17	12	146 144
6 persons	34	-	-	7	5	7	15		- '-	143
7 persons 8 or more persons	14	_	_	_	_	8 -	6	_		147
Median	1.85	1.22	1.28	1.70	1.81	2.00	2.11	1.91	1.98	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Morried-couple families	3 223	23	145	492	774	756	703	217	113	131
15 to 24 years	23 72	_	10 13	5	19	20	15	_	_	80   124
35 to 44 years	151		-	24	5 341	46	52	19	5	150
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	1 424 1 553	12 11	62 60	162   294	403	331 359	356 280	102 96	5 <b>8</b> 50	135 126
Male householder, no wife present	<b>440</b> 13	31	80	66	110	<b>68</b>	49	32	4	110
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	44	8	_	12	12	5	7	_	-	73   104
35 to 44 yeors	5 122	_   13	_	5 18	-	_ 15	7	,-	<del>-</del>	l 88 l
45 to 64 years 65 years and over	256	10	28 45	31	24 74	42	35	13 19	4	102 114
Female householder, no husband present	1 829	69	251	418	408	349	225	56	53	111
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	6   41	_ [	6	4	9	8	14		_	63 130
35 to 44 years	24 392	10	_ 29	97	5 55	11	8	-	16	141
45 to 64 years	1 366	59	210	317	339	126 204	60 143	56	15 38	126 107
Median age	67.1	69.9	72.4	69.2	68.3	65.4	64.1	66.1	65.7	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	109	-	12	3]	13	27	26			122
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	472   571	21 20	33   81	26 117	115 <b>9</b> 5	125 118	94 87	23 43	35 10	133   118
1960 to 1969	1 181	39	99	146	213	262	286	77	59	134
1959 or eorlier	3 159	43	251	656	856	641	484	162	66	118
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms4 rooms	237   1 200	33	77   252	52 378	52 262	15 127	8 69	_ 29	30	79 95
5 rooms	1 304	53 23	101	302	379	253	193	38	15	115
6 rooms	1 169 699	6 8	26	159	354 116	311 247	245 198	57 44	11 14	128 141
7 rooms	883	-	11	63 22	129	220	264	137	100	161
Medion	5.5	4.0	4.1	4.7	5.4	6.1	6.4	7.1	8.5+	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	170	-1	13	,6	45	49	43	6	. 8	136
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	232 570	91	16	11 38	22 97	74 130	75 218	24 34	13 30	149 149
1950 to 1959	1 437	43	90	141	299	406	303	127	28	134
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 233 1 850	25   42	124 226	302 478	364 465	178 336	153 185	72 42	15 76	111 110
VALUE										
Less thon \$10,000	52	5	29	11	7	_	_	_	_	68
\$10,000 to \$19,999	297	36	79	78	36	39	29	_	_	86
\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999	841 1 043	46   30	169 129	237 276	201 323	106 164	51 99	11 22	20	97 107
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1 072	-	37	220	370	248	162	19	16	119
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	847 832	-	14   19	88 66	230 100	263 277	158 304	66 51	28 15	134 146
\$80,000 to \$99,999	260	6	'-	-	15	47	122	64	6	175
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	171 77	-	-	-	10	29	39 13	55 17	38 47	207 250+
Medion	\$44 400	\$24 200	\$27 500	\$36 500	\$41 600	\$50 <b>9</b> 00	\$58 600	\$74 400	\$95 000	230+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less thon 10 percent	2 568	89	179	442	586	601	496	108	67	124
10 to 14 percent	1 139 676	29	114   41	205 120	269 171	233 152	216 98	85 32	12 33	123   122
20 to 24 percent	340		78	65	56	50	67	15	9	112
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	214 186	_	13   32	45 47	70 70	34 37	13	24	15	117 105
35 percent or more	343	-	14	48	70	60	81	36	34	141
Not computed Medion	26 10.7	10-	5   12.5	11.1	11.1	10 <u>—</u>	10-	5   12.5	- 15.9	142
	10.7		12.3	"""	''''		,,	,	13.7	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	5 492	192	474	074	1 202	1 172	977	205	170	123
Heating equipment Steom or hot water system	204	123	476	976 -	1 292   58	1 173 26	977 65	305   24	31	164
Central worm-air furnace or electric heat pump	4 108	32	237	654	983	990	830	261	121	129 88
Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce	155 240	14   25	43   46	38 78	23   49	22 37	11	4	_ 5	91
Other meons	785	52	150	206	179	98	71	16	13	98
Air conditioning Central system	<b>2 972</b> 1 564	35 6	<b>216</b>   71	<b>423</b> 139	<b>646</b> 254	<b>635</b> 405	<b>702</b> 456	188   144	127 89	132 144
1 or more individual room units	1 408	29	145	284	392	230	246	44	38	116
House heating fuel	<b>5 492</b> 2 327	123 82	476 163	<b>976</b> 376	1 292 621	1 173 492	<b>97</b> 7 431	<b>305</b> 89	1 <b>70</b> 73	123 122
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	17			-	12	5	- 1	-	- 1	118
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	639 2 125	20   11	95 180	95   400	150 434	122 467	110 390	35   170	12 73	118 127
Other	384	10	38	105	75	87	46	11	12	113

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Ov	vner-occupied h	ousing units				Rer	nter-occupied h	ousing units		
Boise City city	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 ta 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	25 734	4 614	3 554	4 942	8 485	4 139	14 535	3 465	2 461	2 517	4 015	2 077
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families  15 to 24 yeors  25 to 34 yeors	18 136 512 4 481	<b>3 460</b> 194 1 436	2 601 83 691	3 887 72 685	<b>5 765</b> 129 1 128	<b>2 423</b> 34 - 541	<b>4 441</b> 1 256 1 779	1 159 378 447	<b>667</b> 205 244	<b>871</b> 218 357	1 239 335 527	<b>505</b> 120 204
35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors	3 875 6 545	966 689	757 878	909 1 784	886 2 369	357 825	534 520	130 136	86 61	102 78	160 167	56 78
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	2 723 <b>2 269</b>	175 <b>472</b>	192 <b>25</b> 9	437 <b>233</b>	1 253 880	666 <b>425</b>	352 <b>4 362</b>	68 881	71 <b>594</b>	116 <b>691</b>	50 1 <b>393</b>	47 803
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	198 895	38 247	21 98	23 78	88 339	28 133	1 443 1 703	249 366	203 161	264 267	525 569	202 340
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over	288 517 371	103 84	26 77 37	21 69 42	83 185 185 -	55 102 107	475 528 213	110 103 53	128 78 24	71 82 7	113 130 56	53 135 73
Female householder, no husband present	5 329 122	682 10	694 27	822 11	1 840 49	1 291 25	5 732 1 929	1 <b>425</b> 566	1 200 381	<b>955</b> 249	1 383 525	769 208
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	839 664	186 177	88 156	111 150	290 138	164 43	i 519 584	359 157	274 119	255 115	399 134	232
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 683 2 021	242 67	275 148	293 257	616 747	257 802	631 1 069	96 247	154 272	156 180	133 192	92 178
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	47.3	36.3	43.0	48.2	52.9	58.3	29.1	29.0	29.8	29.9	28.1	29.7
1979 to March 1980	4 098 8 604 4 193 4 495 4 344	1 801 2 813 — —	504 1 484 1 566 —	569 1 506 955 1 912	862 1 945 1 161 1 832 2 685	362 856 511 751 1 659	9 970 3 265 744 379 177	2 815 650 — — —	1 640 552 269 —	1 533 658 179 147	2 730 908 197 123 57	1 252 497 99 109 120
ROOMS 1 room	43	11	6	_	20	6	479	49	135	50	79	166
2 rooms	128 605	10 76	39 60	9 84	63 175	7 210	1 071 3 108	215 709	247 392	144 484	220 946	245 577
4 rooms5 rooms	3 296 5 490	376 812	417 745	429 864	1 339 1 915	735 1 154	5 270 2 471	1 412 621	1 050 413	947 505	1 409 644	452 288
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	5 688 10 484	1 157 2 172	798 1 489	1 116 2 440	1 981 2 992	636 1 391	1 141 995	274 185	119 105	207 180	380 337	161 188
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.1	6.4	6.1	6.5	5.9	5.5	4.0	4.0	3.9	4,1	4.0	3.6
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	<b>25 704</b> 19 090	4 614 3 257	<b>3 554</b> 2 341	<b>4 930</b> 3 554	8 481 6 569	4 125 3 369	14 300 9 672	<b>3 445</b> 2 307	2 450 1 619	<b>2 511</b> 1 602	<b>3 968</b> 2 721	1 9 <b>26</b> 1 423
0.51 to 1.00	6 402 154	1 309 30	1 177 30	1 325 37	1 842 50	749	4 320 214	1 086 46	773 42	843 49	1 127 77	491
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	58 <b>30</b>	18 -	6 -	14 <b>12</b>	20 <b>4</b>	14	94 <b>23</b> 5	6 <b>20</b>	16 <b>11</b>	17 <b>6</b>	43 <b>47</b>	12 1 <b>51</b>
0.50 or less	15 9	_	-	6 -	4	9 5	74 152	20	11	6	19 28	55 87
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	6	_	-	6	_	=	9	_	-	_	=	9
PERSONS IN UNIT	4 632	598	531	626	1 741	1 136	5 985	1 290	1 043	832	1 599	1 221
2 persons3 persons	9 354 4 562	1 400 944	1 008 653	1 614 1 016	3 532 1 393	1 800 556	4 676 1 962	1 225 493	802 310	944 350	1 241 624	464 185
4 persons 5 persons	4 199 1 860	1 062 378	740 368	996 438	1 040 485	361 191	1 196 458	306 110	188 64 54	217 81 93	341 157 53	144   46   17
6 or more persons Medion	1 127 2.38	232 2.83	254 2.86	252 2.73	294 2.21	2.02	258 1.77	41 1.86	1.73	1.95	1.83	1.35
Total persons	71 209	13 886	11 253	15 047	21 575	9 448	29 295	6 787	4 969	5 454	8 458	3 627
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or ottached  2	23 990 458	4 158 110	2 999 53	4 616 56	8 234 136	3 983 103	5 945 1 933	939 627	544 258	1 000 317	2 517 483	945 248
3 ond 4 5 to 9	242 70	127 29	54 4	5 6	21 21	35	1 766 1 319	491 263	27 I 25 4	277 200	381 288	346 314
10 to 49 50 or more	64 37	11 4	28 19	<del>-</del>	17 10	8 -	2 149 1 040	733 364	560 444	430 167	214 53 79	212 12
Mobile home or trailer, etc.	873	175	397	255	46	-	383	48	130	126	79	_
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steom or hot water system	<b>25 708</b> 588	<b>4 608</b> 13	<b>3 548</b> 16	<b>4 942</b> 74	8 485 209	4 125 276	<b>14 507</b> 1 011	3 465	2 461 19	<b>2 517</b> 156	4 001 345	2 063 482
Centrol worm-air furnoce or electric heot pump Other built-in electric units	20 475 1 038	4 105 270	2 969 210	4 100 147	6 584 267	2 717 144	6 709 4 224	1 485 1 864	926 1 289	1 300 571	2 145 313	853 187
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce Other means	640 2 967	20 200	54 299	84 537	294 1 131	188 800	714 1 849	12 95	65 162	166 324	338 860	133 408
Air conditioning	<b>16 721</b> 11 137	<b>3 779</b> 3 546	2 829 2 310	<b>3 608</b> 2 468	<b>4 826</b> 2 239	1 <b>67</b> 9   574	<b>7 811</b> 3 177	2 810 1 273	1 779 653	1 <b>397</b> 739	1 <b>292</b> 389	533 123
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	5 584 <b>25 708</b>	233 4 608	519 <b>3 548</b>	1 140 4 942	2 587 <b>8 485</b>	1 105 <b>4 125</b> 1 937	4 634 <b>14 50</b> 7	1 537 <b>3 465</b> 463	1 126 <b>2 461</b> 724	658 <b>2 517</b> 1 401	903 <b>4 001</b> 2 255	410 2 063 1 206
Utility gas 8ottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity	12 478 180 5 761	973 15 3 438	2 717 48 532	3 468 43 486	3 383 51 931	23 374	6 049 190 6 117	15 2 918	30 1 625	65 780	58 507	22 287
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	5 327 1 962	6 176	58 193	638 307	3 394 726	1 231 560	1 703 448	26 43	51 31	229 42	1 044 137	353 195
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	1 171 4.6	146 3.2	151 4.2	1 <b>69</b> 3.4	<b>401</b> 4.7	<b>304</b> 7.3	<b>2 721</b> 18.7	<b>575</b> 16.6	<b>473</b> 19.2	<b>478</b> 19.0	<b>773</b> 19.3	<b>422</b> 20.3
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	1 51/	111	150	224	500	490	2 724	614	499	357	785	481
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 516 2 901 1 800	111 286 229	153 375 190	234 426 274	528 1 051 646	763 461	2 736 3 775 2 041	736 537	592 320	698 340	1 048 565	701 279
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	1 757 3 755	265 690	251 496	293 586	647 1 410	301 573	1 385 2 028	252 480	292 364	249 434	445 541	147 209
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	3 875 5 <b>37</b> 7	746 1 170	525 717	772 1 274	1 249 1 614	583 602	1 139 1 004	309 380	174 165	204 136	312 225	140 98
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	2 995 1 758	670 447	520 327	671 412	895 445	239 127	283 144 \$10,927	91 66 \$11 791	33 22 \$11 090	64 35 \$11 496	81 13 \$10 772	14   8   \$8 972
Median Mean	\$21 374 \$24 958	\$24 868 \$28 971	\$22 912 \$26 849	\$24 144 \$27 138	\$19 856 \$23 123	\$15 463 \$20 019	\$10 927 \$12 955	\$11 781 \$14 773	\$11 090	\$13 708	\$10 772	\$10 696

Table B-8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	C	Owner-occupied h	ousing units				Re	nter-occupied	hausing units			
Boise City city	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Total	l unit, detached <b>o</b> r attoched	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mabile home ar trailer, etc.
Occupied housing unitsCondominium housing units	<b>25 734</b> 618	<b>23 990</b> 395	<b>871</b> 223	873 -	14 535 164	<b>5 945</b> 87	1 <b>933</b> 7	1 <b>766</b> 26	1 319	2 149 21	1 040 23	383
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	18 136	17 412	396	328	4 441	2 429	616	425	236	465	184	86
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	512 4 481 3 875	429 4 399 3 809	28 56 45	55 26 21	1 256 1 779 534	510 1 041 390	213 270 51	208 133 22	58 120 17	167 154 28	77 35 6	23 26 20
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	6 545 2 723	6 320 2 455	143 124	82 144	520 352	355 133	46 36	47 15	18 23	31 85	12 54	11 6
Mole householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	<b>2 269</b> 198	1 <b>898</b> 121	191 46	1 <b>80</b> 31	<b>4 362</b> 1 443	1 <b>692</b> 693	<b>532</b> 139	<b>544</b> 118	<b>483</b> 169	<b>644</b> 200	<b>284</b> 82	1 <b>83</b> 42 58
25 to 34 years	895 288 517	775 250 414	74 22 40	46 16 63	1 703 475 528	645 149 131	236 68 79	286 62 66	214 26 56	204 105 87	60 33 58	58 32 51
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	371 5 329	338 4 680	9 284	24 3 <b>65</b>	213 <b>5 732</b>	74 1 <b>824</b>	10 <b>785</b>	12 <b>797</b>	18 <b>600</b>	48 1 <b>040</b>	51 <b>572</b>	114
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	122 839	99 770	7 44 39	16 25 41	1 929 1 519	575 528	241 259 130	333 245	241 171 44	359 233	140 57	40 26 17
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	664 1 683 2 021	584 1 463 1 764	101 93	119 164	584 631 1 069	233 219 269	68 87	70 84 65	62 82	70 123 255	20 49 306	26
Median ageYEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	47.3	46.8	51.6	58.4	29.1	29.6	28.5	27.8	27.6	29.0	46.6	32.4
1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	4 098 8 604 4 193	3 685 7 874 3 921	227 352 91	186 378 181	9 970 3 265 744	4 019 1 361 265	1 407 427 32	1 237 414 78	922 282 70	1 517 414 129	627 262 140	241 105 30
1960 to 1969	4 495 4 344	4 288 4 222	79 122	128	379 177	165 135	54 13	21 16	38 7	83	11	7
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms	43 120	32 74	_ 8	11 46	479 1 071	85 208	17 67	46 156	105 167	110 199	96 228	20 46
7 rooms	128 605 3 296	426 2 609	60 291	119 396	3 108 5 270	806 1 811	290 968	519 739	356 478	733 830	300 311	104 133
5 rooms6 rooms	5 490 5 688	5 016 5 520	239 127	235 41	2 471 1 141	1 338 868	358 131	259 32	159 41	204 44	80 25	73
7 or more rooms Median PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	10 484 6.1	10 313 6.2	146 4.8	25 4.2	995 4.0	829 4.5	102 4.1	15 3.7	13 3.6	29 3.5	3.2	3.7
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	<b>25 704</b> 19 090	<b>23 975</b> 17 643	8 <b>56</b> 718	<b>873</b> 729	14 300 9 672	<b>5 910</b> 3 697	1 927 1 368	1 <b>740</b> 1 266	1 231 881	<b>2 081</b> 1 490	1 <b>028</b> 723	383 247
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	6 402 154 58	6 142 143 47	138	122 11 11	4 320 214 94	2 054 105 54	522 33 4	456 4 14	325 20 5	559 27 5	282 18 5	122 7 7
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	<b>30</b> 15	15	<b>15</b> 11	<u>'-</u>	<b>235</b> 74	<b>35</b> 16	6 -	<b>26</b> 20	<b>88</b> 38	68	12	<u>-</u> 1
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or mare	9 - 6	5 - 6	4 - -	-	152 9 —	10 9	6	6	50	68	12	=1
BEDROOMS None	78	57	4	17	694	132	38	79	130	143	152	20
1	1 039 6 882 11 369	800 5 800 11 043	109 495 193	130 587 133	4 605 6 648 2 054	1 217 2 499 1 641	433 1 276 143	819 816 37	529 595 59	963 908 121	521 343 24	123 211 29
5 or more	4 893 1 473	4 843 1 447	44 26	6	433 101	369 87	35	15	6	8 6	-	-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 516	1 318	65	133	2 736	891	269	270	357	489	374	86
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	2 901 1 800 1 757	2 478 1 602 1 617	142 74 74	281 124 66	3 775 2 041 1 385	1 326 809 577	468 256 198	540 376 145	424 179 122	619 248 230	262 130 53	136 43 60
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	3 755 3 875	3 480 3 713	141 100	134 62	2 028 1 139	950 560	320 212	217 117	115 53	296 158	98 25	32 14
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	5 377 2 995 1 758	5 200 2 <b>897</b> 1 <b>68</b> 5	118 84 73	59 14 -	1 004 283 144	575 173 84	166 26 18	81 14 6	45 12 12	46 52 11	79 6 13	12
Median Mean	\$21 374 \$24 958	\$21 879 \$25 540	\$16 973 \$21 769	\$10 454 \$12 147	\$10 927 \$12 955	\$12 335 \$14 876	\$12 241 \$14 263	\$10 485 \$11 415	\$8 650 \$10 031	\$9 754 \$11 504	\$7 680 \$10 106	\$7 993 \$9 571
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hat water system	<b>25 708</b> 588	<b>23 969</b> 542	<b>866</b> 46	873	<b>14 507</b> 1 011	<b>5 929</b> 128	1 <b>93</b> 3 69	<b>1 758</b> 168	1 <b>315</b> 230	2 149 339	1 <b>040</b> 72	383
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	20 475 1 038	19 162 870	608 126	705 42	6 709 4 224	3 512 657	1 082 477	731 596	455 483	429 1 294	226 713	274
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	640 2 967	581 2 814	19 67	40 86	714 1 849	436 1 196	64 241	97 166	61 86	28 59	10 19	18 82 <b>248</b>
Air conditioning Central system Vehicles available	16 721 11 137 24 897	15 346 10 217 23 276	<b>668</b> 482 <b>811</b>	707 438 810	<b>7 811</b> 3 177 <b>12 843</b>	2 381 1 125 5 514	1 086 645 1 789	917 348 1 <b>629</b>	663 171 1 <b>046</b>	1 <b>649</b> 457 1 <b>85</b> 1	<b>867</b> 281 <b>674</b>	150 <b>340</b>
2 or more	6 719 18 178	5 818 17 458	402 409	499 311	7 223 5 620	2 441 3 073	956 833	1 122 507	691 355	1 334 517 <b>2 149</b>	463 211 <b>1 040</b>	216 124 <b>383</b>
House heating fuel	<b>25 708</b> 12 478 180	<b>23 969</b> 11 668 114	<b>866</b> 328 6	<b>873</b> 482 60	14 507 6 049 190	<b>5 929</b> 3 221 82	1 <b>933</b> 865 24	<b>1 758</b> 677 6	<b>1 315</b> 558 12	412 28	106	210 38
Fuel oil, kerasene, etc.	5 761 5 327	5 118 5 180	371 98	272 49	6 117 1 703	1 310 1 060	838 170	889 149	635 76	1 521 135	884 31	40 82
Other Water heating fuel Utility gas	1 962 <b>25 734</b> 4 168	1 889 <b>23 990</b> 3 706	63 <b>871</b> 132	10 <b>873</b> 330	448 1 <b>4 527</b> 2 598	256 <b>5 945</b> 1 155	36 1 <b>933</b> 292	37 1 <b>766</b> 267	34 1 319 290	53 <b>2 141</b> 315	19 <b>1 040</b> 110	13 <b>383</b> 169
Battled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	173 21 214	121 19 992	6 725	46 497	149 11 562	58 4 707	11 1 609	12 1 445	12 975	6 1 758	913	50 155 9
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other Family householder	118 61 <b>20 400</b>	115 56 <b>19 544</b>	3 5 <b>467</b>	- - 389	128 90 <b>6 624</b>	25 - 3 313	11 10 <b>1 020</b>	13 29 <b>697</b>	19 23 <b>443</b>	46 16 <b>688</b>	5 12 <b>307</b>	156
With awn children under 18 years With awn children under 6 years	10 064 3 <b>9</b> 57	9 884 3 874	116 55	64 28	3 828 2 <b>3</b> 40	2 129 1 297	598 371	315 166	244 154	291 190	145 92	106 70
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years	1 869 1 080 178	<b>1 758</b> 1 043 172	<b>54</b> 20	<b>57</b> 17 6	<b>1 751</b> 1 417 708	<b>645</b> 525 253	<b>341</b> 312 157	222 164 60	1 <b>90</b> 155 83	196 142 79	104 66 48	53 53 28
Nonfamily householder Income in 1979 below poverty level	5 334 1 171	4 446 1 022	404 54	484 95	7 911 2 721	2 632 1 070	913 289	1 069 259	876 303	1 461 429	733 267	227 104
Percent below poverty level	4.6	4.3	6.2	10.9	18.7	18.0	15.0	14.7	23.0	20.0	25.7	27.2

Table B -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ore estimo	res bosed on a s	ample, see Intro	duction. For me	ining of symbols,	see Introduction	1. For definition	ns of terms, see	oppendixes A d	ind 8]	
Boise City city	Total	l person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelotives present	<b>25 734</b> 1 094	4 632 -	<b>9 354</b> 613	<b>4 562</b> 224	<b>4 199</b> 132	1 <b>860</b> 56	<b>741</b> 42	<b>250</b> 11	1 <b>36</b> 16	<b>2.38</b> 2.39	71 <b>209</b> 3 268
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	776 3 296 5 490 5 688 3 929 6 555 6.1	347 1 496 1 299 836 292 362 4.9	317 1 386 2 298 2 413 1 341 1 599 5.8	72 287 939 1 106 839 1 319 6.4	6 102 648 961 874 1 608 6.9	26 255 255 248 374 932 7.5	8 -44 95 176 418 7.8	7 16 27 200 8.5+	- - 13 6 117 8.5+	1.63 1.61 2.13 2.33 2.90 3.50	1 488 5 773 12 945 15 027 12 389 23 587
Plumbing FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	25 704 25 492 154 58 30 24 - 6	4 623 4 623 - - 9 9	9 354 9 336 18 - -	4 547 4 526 21 — 15 15	4 199 4 193 - 6 - - -	1 854 1 809 25 20 6 - - 6	741 689 44 8 - - -	250 227 23 - - - -	136 89 41 6 - -	2.38 2.37 6.20 4.75 2.90 2.70 - 5.00	71 125 69 983 873 269 84 60 - 24
1, detached or ottoched 2 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	23 990 871 873	3 875 335 422	8 642 347 365	4 408 101 53	4 127 57 15	1 821 27 12	735 - 6	246 4 -	136 - -	2.44 1.79 1.54	67 341 2 140 1 728
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units  Less than \$10,000  \$10,000 to \$19,999  \$20,000 to \$29,999  \$30,000 to \$39,999  \$40,000 to \$49,999  \$50,000 to \$59,999  \$60,000 to \$79,999  \$80,000 to \$79,999  \$100,000 to \$99,999  \$150,000 or or mare	22 519 68 390 1 422 3 144 5 160 4 229 4 877 1 705 1 131 393 \$52 100	3 582 29 158 544 858 793 527 471 100 90	8 061 26 164 554 1 195 2 093 1 591 1 524 482 308 124 \$50 000	4 115 6 29 173 476 940 957 913 340 206 75 \$53 800	3 957 7 10 64 403 771 734 1 171 453 239 105 \$59 800	1 723 - 24 64 152 344 279 445 181 177 57 \$59 900	706 	239 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	136 - 15 9 29 9 45 15 14 - \$61 700	2.45 1.69 1.73 1.80 2.10 2.35 2.50 2.99 3.30 3.31 3.31	62 637 127 770 2 826 7 297 13 680 11 747 15 057 5 615 4 059 1 459
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979  Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Medion income Medion selected monthly owner casts as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged	25 734 \$21 374 18.0 20.2 10.7 1 171 \$3 327 50+ 50+ 37.2	4 632 \$9 780 24.1 29.9 18.4 502 \$2 887 47.8 50+ 40.5	9 354 \$20 979 15.5 19.4 10- 295 \$3 467 50+ 36.0	4 562 \$24 919 16.9 18.6 10— 90 \$2 794 50+ 32.5	4 199 \$25 796 19.1 19.9 10— 124 \$5 343 50+ 50+	1 860 \$26 790 18.3 19.3 10— 109 \$4 055 50+ 50+	741 \$27 170 19.3 20.0 11.7 22 \$6 618 50+	250 \$34 355 16.5 17.4 10— 13 \$4 821 50+	136 \$29 000 19.4 19.4 19.4 16 \$10 278 29.4 29.4	2.38   1.78 	71 209
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	14 535 2 369	5 985	<b>4 676</b> 1 541	1 <b>962</b> 510	1 1 <b>96</b> 202	<b>45</b> 8 61	1 <b>50</b> 28	<b>78</b> 27	<b>30</b>	1.77 2.27	<b>29 295</b> 5 863
ROOMS 1 room	479 1 071 3 108 5 270 2 471 1 141 995 4.0	424 835 2 101 1 831 492 181 121 3.3	43 190 831 2 284 824 303 201 4.1	12 26 135 758 598 265 168 4.6	11 28 308 366 214 269 5.2	- 9 67 135 118 123 5.6	- 7 16 42 33 52 5.8	- - 6 14 13 45 7.2	- - - 14 16 7.8	1.06 1.14 1.24 1.85 2.40 2.83 3.53	543 1 374 4 256 10 234 6 274 3 330 3 284
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.00 or less  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more  Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.00 or less  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more	14 300 13 992 214 94 235 226 9	5 805 5 805 	4 641 4 598 43 35 35	1 951 1 913 26 12 11 11 -	1 187 1 157 19 11 9  9	458 376 67 15 - -	150 85 58 7 - - -	78 45 27 6 — —	30 13 17 - - -	1.79 1.76 5.43 2.83 1.15 1.13 4.00	28 984 27 471 1 190 323 311 285 26
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or attached	5 945 1 933 1 766 1 319 2 149 1 040 383	1 698 684 879 732 1 153 650 189	1 917 685 606 412 707 237 112	986 359 212 89 150 128	822 133 48 58 89 15 31	338 38 21 16 29 10 6	113 12 - 18 - 7	52 14 - 12 - -	19 8 - 3 -	2.16 1.91 1.51 1.40 1.43 1.30 1.52	14 285 3 947 3 042 2 167 3 547 1 567 740
Specified renter-occupied housing units   Short   Sh	14 315 572 912 2 034 2 908 3 265 2 092 899 932 356 345 \$258	5 936 460 636 1 264 1 468 1 175 398 146 122 89 178 \$217	4 598 81 186 473 963 1 339 921 267 181 79 108 \$271	1 946 24 33 185 290 504 462 181 203 21 43 \$293	1 145 7 51 67 116 193 201 193 224 77 16 \$332	435 - 39 59 37 80 70 109 41 - \$352	147 6 6 7 7 13 15 66 27 27 \$430	78 - - 4 14 24 22 14 - \$394	30 - - 5 6 3 3 5 8 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1.77 1.12 1.22 1.30 1.49 1.84 2.20 2.70 3.30 2.98 1.47	28 633 631 1 278 3 399 5 129 6 356 4 825 2 461 2 906 1 046 602
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979  Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income _ Income in 1979 below poverty level  Medion income _ Medion gross rent os percentoge of household income _	14 535 \$10 927 27.2 2 721 \$3 436 50+	\$ 985 \$7 894 30.3 1 252 \$2 790 50+	4 676 \$12 638 24.8 751 \$3 632 50+	1 962 \$13 714 25.8 <b>317</b> \$4 317 50+	1 196 \$14 643 25.1 255 \$5 302 50+	458 \$13 958 23.1 96 \$6 000 50+	\$16 034 32.8 29 \$7 417 50.0	78 \$17 045 28.8 10 \$11 250 50.0	30 \$19 500 26.0 11 \$2500— 50+	1.77  1.64 	29 295

Table B — 10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units:

[Oata are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

- L			Morrison	Morriad counts familiae		-		After on replacement of the	Ider no wife or	- voccont	<u></u>	3	Jodomod olom	Formals handalar or history	d process*	H	
Boise City city	I	15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years	15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	2 8	65 years	15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years	Medion
Ourse Activised bounded	25, 72	513			6 545	2 723	108	805	288		37	122	830	5 Py4	1 683	Д	47.3
PERSONS IN UNIT		!						}	•		<del></del>	!	}	i	<b>!</b>		!
1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons 1 orlol persons	4 632 9 354 4 562 4 199 1 860 1 127 2.38 71 209	322 155 35 35 2.30 1 297	1 261 1 183 1 327 445 265 3.33	409 670 1 469 831 496 4.08 16 393	3 201 1 596 1 003 454 291 2.54 19 508	2 459 2 155 19 10 20 2.05 5 980	94 78 21 5 1.56 363	513 270 79 23 10 10 1.37	157 64 39 22 22 - 6 1.42 547	364 95 58 58 - - - 740	309 50 7 7 7 5 5 5 1.10	67 7 7 1.41 192	359 222 127 100 18 13 1.77	116 169 206 96 49 2.73 1 972	1 019 365 162 100 29 8 1.33 2 912	1 634 341 37 9 9 1.12 2 477	61.3 57.3 42.6 38.1 40.2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	25 704 212 30 6	512	4 481 60 -	3 875 53 -	6 545 73 -	2 717 2 6 6	86111	890 7 5	7 1 1	512 5	371	122	839	88 8 6	1 679	2 017	47.2 39.7 57.2 67.5
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD MOMENTAGE IN 1070																	
With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent 35 percent 36 percent 37 percent 38 percent more Not computed Median Not computed Less than 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Less than 10 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 36 percent 37 percent 38 percent 39 percent 39 percent 36 percent 37 percent 38 percent 39 percent 39 percent 39 percent 39 percent	22 519 5 528 3 3 139 9 139 2 139 2 139 6 14 6 15 8 139 1 139	26 26 26 27 177 127 28 23 23 23 23 10 10	4 158 627 627 627 627 627 627 627 627 627 627	3 620 1 252 1 722 1 722 387 367 367 314 1 18.3 1 18.3 1 107 1 107 1 107 1 107 1 107	5 986 2 540 8 12 540	2 236 683 214 1158 158 158 155 16 18 19 19 10 10 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	108 108 107 107 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108	770 116 116 117 118 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119 119	201 196 69 69 55 34 34 32 13 17.6 5 6	25.7 26.2 26.2 27.2 27.2 27.2 27.3 27.3 27.3 27.3 27	31 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	28.7 28.9 28.9 28.9 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0	672 673 78 88 88 98 98 122 254 27,9 41 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 41 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	512 488 468 468 49 65 202 202 203 203 113 113 104	1 368 976 151 151 133 133 133 104 104 346 346 379 161 161 172 172 173 174 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175	294 364 294 294 295 295 295 295 295 295 295 295 295 295	<b>48.</b> 44. 44. 44. 44. 44. 44. 44. 44. 44. 4
Renter-occupied housing units	14 535	1 256	1 779	534	520	352	1 443	1 703	475	528	213	1 929	1 519	584	189	ا 690	29.1
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person  2 persons  3 persons  5 persons  6 of more persons  6 of more persons  Total persons	5 985 4 676 1 962 1 196 1 196 258 277 29 295	784 308 111 42 11 2.30 3 159	591 474 475 475 129 110 3.13	110 96 154 116 3.90 1 997	291 94 71 71 42 23 23 1 487	323 29 29 204 716	628 579 166 61 61 7 7 7 7 8	1 108 411 118 45 14 14 7 7 2 569	311 103 39 17 17 5 1.26 723	446 61 7 7 9 9 1.09 624	197	967 686 202 51 18 1.50 3 258	731 366 280 280 93 34 15 1.58	177 192 88 84 84 35 2.10	398 136 52 25 14 1.29	1 022 36 4 4 1 02 1 139	33.2 33.2 33.5 33.5 33.5 33.5
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	14 300 235 235	1 244 64 1 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 769 81 10	534 28 -	520 31 	352	1 417 32 26 -	1 649 18 54 9	467 1 8	485 - -	181	1 903 23 26 -	1 500 6 1 19	584 18 1 - 1	626	090 l	29.1 28.6 29.6 32.5
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979  Specified renter-occupied housing units. Less than 15 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed Median	14 315   822   1822   173   705   355   355   272	1 238 183 197 232 241 109 101 128 47	1 735 310 409 302 196 196 118 222 223 141 19	504 115 113 126 22 30 70 70 70 8	497 142 142 142 143 144 152 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164 164	331 50 50 69 69 70 70 70 70 70 22.3	1 438 123 199 257 197 156 223 223 28.2	1 694 313 327 243 204 168 182 201 56 23.7	466 115 1114 779 27 27 28 37 41 19.6	512 103 103 37 37 45 55 44 54 7.7	207 157 239 308 308 308 309 309 309 309 309 309 309 309 309 309	1 924 76 134 188 243 199 410 632 42 37.7	1 509 83 83 180 247 141 209 379 40 37.0	584   184   74   73   68   109   176   34.7	613 777 56 57 101 161 44 33.4	1 063 99 88 163 107 77 129 309 91	29.0 31.3 29.7 27.4 27.7 28.6 45.4

Table B -11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 81

			-	Male haus	eholder		*			Female hou	seholder		
Boise City city	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 ta 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	4 632	1 437	94	513	157	364	309	3 195	67	359	116	1 019	1 634
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive useLocking complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 623	1 432 5	94	508 5	157	364 _	309	3 191 4	67	359	116	1 015	1 634
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1. detached or attached  2 or more  Mobile hame or trailer, etc	3 875 335 422	1 186 127 124	54 20 20	431 46 36	119 22 16	299 30 35	283 9 17	2 689 208 298	51 _ 16	309 30 20	91 18 7	822 87 110	1 416 73 145
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 018	173	19	11	8	. 26 65	109	845	7	43	12	153	630
\$5,000 to \$9,999	1 350 539 418 593	328 82 151 279	48 11 11	87 26 81 179	24 - - 17	65 26 29 58	104 19 30 25	1 022 457 267 314	29 23 8 -	41 78 49 99	23 25 9 31	347 152 144 116	582 179 57 68
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	309 269 74 62	144 175 48 57	5 - - -	55 61 8 5	37 30 14 27	31 84 20 25	16 - 6 -	165 94 26 5	-	19 25 - 5	16 - - -	59 36 12 -	71 33 14 -
Median Mean	\$9 780 \$12 283	\$14 743 \$17 451	\$6 628 \$7 966	\$16 203 \$16 913	\$23 125 \$31 647	\$17 250 \$21 607	\$6 477 \$9 121	\$8 469 \$9 959	\$9 653 \$9 064	\$13 393 \$14 271	\$12 300 \$13 050	\$10 156 \$11 200	\$6 214 \$8 055
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS									_				
Specified awner-occupied housing units With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	3 582 1 817 204 367	1 082 747 38 116	54 47 - 13	<b>414</b> <b>390</b> 7 48	84 79 —	263 183 22 32	267 48 9 23	2 500 1 070 166 251	51 45 5 6	284 270 30 24	65 65 - 18	765 478 105 129	1 335 212 26 74
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	307 225 196	95 98 104	'7 - 16	53 59 39	15 23	35 18 26	6	212 127 92	19 8	62 63 30	6 15	58 45 47	73 5
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	229 145 87	122 79 50	6	102 48 15	8 14 6	7 11 19	5 - 5	107 66 37	7 _ _	42 - 13	12 6 8	26 46 16	20 14
\$750 or more Median	57 \$307 <b>1 765</b>	45 \$363 <b>335</b>	\$361 <b>7</b>	19 \$386 <b>24</b>	13 \$409 5	13 \$307 <b>80</b>	\$233 219	12 \$278 1 430	\$280 6	\$315 <b>14</b>	\$378	\$254 <b>287</b>	\$254 1 123
Net mortgaged Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74	85 304	23 66	7	_	- -	13 28	10 31	62 238	- 6	- 6	=	10 29 79	52 197
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	392 422 249	54 94 28	-	6 5	- -	12 14 -	31 74 23	338 328 221	Ξ	- 8	=	44 69	259 284 144
\$150 ta \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 ar mare	203 76 34	38 32 -	_ _ 	7	- -	13	31 19	165 44 34		- -	-	47	118 44 25
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$106	\$107	\$63	\$125	\$88	\$74	\$113	\$106	\$63	\$128	_	\$114	\$105
Median selected manthly owner casts as percentage of household income in 1979	24.1 29.9	<b>24.1</b> 27.6	<b>44.8</b> 46.0	<b>27.2</b> 28.0	<b>22.1</b> 22.6	<b>17.3</b> 20.0	21.9 50+	<b>24.1</b> 31.7	<b>32.1</b> 33.3	<b>27.2</b> 27.3	<b>32.1</b> 32.1	<b>23.8</b> 31.7	<b>22.5</b> 41.6
Not mortgaged	18.4 <b>502</b> 10.8	14.2 <b>77</b> 5.4	12.5 9 9.6	15.7 - -	12.5 8 5.1	10— 1 <b>4</b> 3.8	18.3 <b>46</b> 14.9	19.0 <b>425</b> 13.3	17.5 - -	19.4 <b>26</b> 7.2	12 10.3	14.9 <b>104</b> 10.2	20.4 <b>283</b> 17.3
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	5 985	2 690	628	1 108	311	446	197	3 295	967	731	177	398	1 022
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	5 805 180	2 536 154	602 26	1 063 45	303 8	403 43	165 32	3 269 26	960 7	712 19	177	398 -	1 022
7, detoched ar attached 2	1 698 684 879	822 317 377	262 58 48	331 156 201	66 43 58	105 50 58	58 10 12	876 367 502	240 101 232	216 88 157	70 45 11	119 46 37	231 87 65
3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	732 1 153 650	377 396 445 205	118 86 23	183 147 50	21 81	56 83 58	18 48 51	336 708 445	110 195 72	81 145 36	18 23	50 94 31	77 251 306
Mobile home or troiler, etc	189	128	33	40	23 19	36	-	61	17	8	10	21	5
Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 831 1 983 777	637 748 379	132 283 98	216 308 174	50 13 54	109 89 47	130 55 6	1 194 1 235 398	330 508 89	146 214 187	50 48 23	90 190 47	578 275 52
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	465 474 183	239 357 133	92 19 4	102 182 57	11 70 36	34 86 36	-	226 117 50	19 21	100 46 22	48	34 29	25 21 28
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	197 34	130 26	- -	49 13	54 8	21 5	6	67 8	Ξ	16	8	8	43
\$50,000 or more Median Mean	41 \$7 894 \$9 547	41 \$9 715 \$11 855	\$8 116 \$8 253	\$10 431 \$11 488	15 \$16 432 \$21 055	19 \$11 330 \$14 317	\$4 278 \$5 300	\$6 856 \$7 663	\$6 332 \$6 261	\$10 074 \$9 969	\$9 181 \$8 757	\$8 015 \$8 776	\$4 642 \$6 717
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	5 936	2 658	623	1 103	311	430	191	3 278	967	725	177	<b>393</b>	1 016
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	460 636 1 264	182 350 600	13 67 191	31 146 243	29 40	69 78 79	69 30 47	278 286 664	71 316	69 131	25	41 83	269 105 109
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	1 468 1 175 398	652 540 185	171 130 29	309 216 111	63 126 28	98 68 11	11 6	816 635 213	305 211 40	265 170 58	43 62 14	64 73 36	139 119 65
\$350 to \$399 \$400 ta \$499 \$500 ar more	146 122 89	54 19 12	10 - 4	17 - 8	7	27 - -	12	92 103 77	10 _ _	19 7 -	18 - 15	14 19 29	31 77 33
No cash rent	178 \$217	\$4 \$213	\$208	\$222	18 <b>\$2</b> 56	\$180	16 \$125	114 \$219	14 \$212	\$227	\$262	25 \$244	69 \$196
Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979	30.3 1 252 20.9	<b>25.8</b> <b>421</b> 15.7	30.8 93 14.8	<b>25.8</b> <b>156</b> 14.1	19.7 29 9.3	20.7 82 18.4	31.3 61 31.0	34.3 831 25.2	<b>41.8 257</b> 26.6	28.5 80 10.9	<b>34.7</b> <b>44</b> 24.9	35.4 82 20.6	<b>32.3</b> <b>368</b> 36.0

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Boise City city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Boise City city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	685	343	295	47	Vacant for rent housing units	1 673	1 204	395	74
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	34 125 214 173 59 80 5.4	30 64 119 90 27 13 5.2	61 90 67 22 55 5.5	4 -5 16 10 12 6.4	1 room 2 rooms 3 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms 7 or more rooms 7 Median 7	76 123 348 718 259 111 38 3.9	76 83 236 514 189 83 23 3.9	28 93 183 58 18 18 15 3.9	- 12 19 21 12 10
PLUMBING FACILITIES					PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	679 6	337 6	295 -	47 -	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 646 27	1 182 22	395	69
BEDROOMS									
None 1 2 3 5 or more	52 299 243 77 8	32 162 139 4	16 128 94 49 8	- 4 9 10 24	None 2 3 4 1	102 489 865 198	86 341 627 137	7 121 222 39 6	9 27 16 22
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	-	-	-	-
1975 to March 1980	367 74 53 97 46 48	207 33 18 43 23 19	139 34 35 49 23 15	21 7 - 5 - 14	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT  1975 to March 1980	373 320 278 198 256 248	299 208 196 135 172	74 94 67 46 75	18 15 17 9
1, detached or attached	553	237	269	47	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more	113 19 619 56 10	96 10 316 27 -	17 9 256 29 10	- - 47 - -	1, detached or attached	664 148 190 172 337 64 98	471 100 152 105 270 57 49	150 37 38 67 62 7	43 11 - - 5 -
PRICE ASKED			ĺ		RENT ASKED	, ,	"	•	,,,
Specified vacant for sale only housing units	526 - 12 23 54 125 104 86 68 54 \$53 600	218 - 7 - 36 56 51 42 14 12 \$51 500	261 - - 23 18 62 44 44 33 37 \$54 300	47 	Specified vacant for rent hausing units   Less than \$100   \$100 to \$149   \$150 to \$199   \$200 to \$249   \$250 to \$299   \$300 to \$399   \$400 or more	1 673 45 124 415 473 469 119 28 \$231	1 204 27 105 323 307 337 92 13 \$231	395 18 9 73 161 114 10 10 \$229	74 - 10 19 5 18 17 5 \$256

#### Table B -13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Oato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction, For meaning of symbols, see Introduction, For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Data are estim	ates based (	on a sample,	, see Introdu	iction. For i	meaning of sy	mbols, see li	nfroduction. Fo	r definitions	of ferms, se	e oppendixe	S A OND BJ		
		Price asked	—Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	sing units		:	Rent oske	d — Specified	d vacant for	rent housing	g units	
Boise City city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Tatal	526	-	35	179	258	54	53 600	1 673	45	539	942	119	28	231
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	520 6	=	35 -	173 6	25B -	54 -	53 800 32 500	1 646 27	30 15	527 12	942 -	119 -	28 -	232 86
BEDROOMS														
None	6 23 202 218 77 —	- - - - -	35 - - -	6 12 72 72 17	11 79 121 47	- 16 25 13	32 500 44 700 49 100 53 800 82 500	102 489 865 198 19	11 10 24 - -	86 286 160 7 -	5 161 646 130 -	22 31 51 15	10 4 10 4 -	125 191 246 282 354
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT														
1975 to March 1980	268 43 42 97 32 44	- - - - -	- 17 - 8 10	58 17 16 51 15 22	174 26 9 28 9 12	36 - 18 -	65 800 60 800 39 000 48 400 44 400 43 100	373 320 278 198 256 248	- 6 8 10 11 10	32 59 83 92 108 165	323 219 129 74 124 73	14 26 44 22 13	4 10 14 - -	255 239 245 199 204 164
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detoched or attoched 2 or more Mobile home or trailer	526 	:::	35 	179	258	54 	53 600	664 911 98	18 27 —	210 257 72	350 566 26	68 51 -	18 10 —	225 240 179

### Appendix A.—Area Classifications

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#### **REGIONS**

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

#### **STATES**

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

#### **PLACES**

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

#### **Incorporated Places**

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

#### **Census Designated Places**

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

# STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

#### Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the non-metropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

#### **SMSA Titles**

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

#### **New SMSA Standards**

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

#### **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

#### **AREA MEASUREMENT**

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

## Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

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holders of Spanish Origin			
and Householders of		GENERAL	
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determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

#### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

**Year-Round Housing Units**—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

## OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units—A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

**Household Type**—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

**Year Householder Moved Into Unit**—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for ren't or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

**Tenure**—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian were classified as "American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder—Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" population and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion—38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures. The 1980 census was the first in which

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin—A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D. " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that, since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 question.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

#### **UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS**

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

**Persons Per Room**—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix F)

#### STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

**Stories in Structure**—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

**Passenger Elevator**—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

#### **PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS**

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

#### **EQUIPMENT AND FUELS**

**Heating Equipment**—Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available - Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating—"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

#### FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

**Value**—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

**Price Asked**—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only

one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appen-

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979—Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

#### Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

Size of Family Unit	Weighted			R	elated chi	ldren under	r 18 years			
Size of ramily only	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686	•••							
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	• • •	•••		• • •			• • •	• • • •
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	• • • •	• • • •
2 persons	4,723	4,723								
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000	• • •			•••		• • •	• • • •
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	• • •
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844	•••					
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382	• • •	• • •		• • •	
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525	• • •	• • •		•••
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512			• • •
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429		
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024

## Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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#### **USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE**

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

#### **Armed Forces**

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

#### **Crews of Merchant Vessels**

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

#### Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

#### Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

# Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

#### Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

#### Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

# DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country. one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2.500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

#### PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed. "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

### Appendix D.—Accuracy of the Data

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#### INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

#### SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the Two sampling rates were emperson. ployed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

#### **ERRORS IN THE DATA**

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

#### Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se<sub>x</sub> and Se<sub>y</sub> of estimates x and y:

Se 
$$(x+y)$$
 = Se  $(x-y) = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$ 

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively)

- correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.
- c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A. C. and Compute the desired confidence D. interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

#### Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

## Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

#### **ESTIMATION PROCEDURE**

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

#### **PERSONS**

#### Stage I—Type of Household

1 2 3 4 5	Persons in Housing Units With a Family With Own Children Under 18  2 persons in housing unit 3 persons in housing unit 4 persons in housing unit 5 to 7 persons in housing unit 8 or more persons in housing unit
6-10	Persons in Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit
11 12-16	Persons in All Other Housing Units 1 person in housing unit 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

#### Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

#### Group

- 1 Householder
- 2 Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

# Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race											
	Persons of Spanish Origin											
	Male											
1	0 to 4 years of age											
2	5 to 14 years of age											
3	15 to 19 years of age											
4	20 to 24 years of age											
5	25 to 34 years of age											
6	35 to 44 years of age											
7	45 to 64 years of age											
8	65 years of age or older											
	Female											
9-16	Same age categories as											

Persons Not of Spanish Origin
17-32 Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

Black Race

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

#### OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

#### Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family
	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing unit
6-10	Housing Units With a Family Without Own Children Under 18 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit
11 12-16	All Other Housing Units 1 person in housing unit 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons

# Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

in housing unit

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	<b>\$0</b> to <b>\$9,999</b>
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories as groups 1 to 8
17-32	Black Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
49-64	American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
65-80	Other Race (includes those races not listed above) Same value—Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 16
	Renter
	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
01	Rent Categories \$1 to \$59
81 82	\$60 to \$99
83	\$100 to \$149
84	\$150 to \$199
85	\$200 to \$249
86	\$250 to \$299
87	\$300 to \$399
88	\$400 to \$499
89	\$500+
90 91	Other Renter No Cash Rent
J.	
	Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
	Black Race
103-124	Same rent—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 81 to 102
125-146	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102
	American Indian, Eskimo,
	or Aleut Race
147-168	Same rent—Spanish origin

categories as groups 81

to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

#### **VACANT HOUSING UNITS**

#### Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

## CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' household. answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of fabricated persons being for submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

# EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

néeded most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

#### **ALLOCATION TABLES**

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

#### Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Tatal 1/							S1 ze	of public	cation area	<u>2</u> / a				
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000	-	-	-	-	110	140	150	150	160	160	160	160	160	160
10 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 100
500 000	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-		-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000	-	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

 $\frac{1}{2}$ / For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y}_N)}$$
  
N = Size of area

 $\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of housing units in the area.

### Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-In-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage						Base	of percen	1/ tage			_		
r cr com age	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000 .	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	8.2	0.2

1/ For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 $\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage

## Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.1	0.9	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.1	1.0	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.1	0.9	0.5
Tenure	1.1	1.0	0.5
Units in structure	1.1	1.0	0.5
Stories in structure	1.0	0.9	0.5
Passenger elevator	0.9	0.8	0.5
Persons in unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Year structure built	1.0	1.0	0.5
Year householder moved into			
housing unit	1.1	1.0	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	1.0	0.5
Number of bedrooms	1.1	1.0	0.5
Rooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	1.0	0.5
Air conditioning	1.1	1.1	0.6
Vehicles available	1.1	1.0	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household			
Income in 1979	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected			
monthly owner costs	1.0	0.9	0.5
Household income	1.1	0.9	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.1	1.0	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for			***
exclusive use with 1.01 persons per			
room or more	1.1	1.0	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5
		1.0	9.5

## Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing units				
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in somple			
The SMSA	67 835	16.7			
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's					
Boise City city	43 330	16.0			

## Appendix E. — Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10**

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- 2. Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

10. Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- **H5.** Mark the second circle only if you *must* go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- **H10b.** A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

rent by:
0
4
2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20**

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well*.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- **H20.** This question refers to the type of *heating equipment* and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, wall, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32**

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ( \langle ) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do *not* have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- **H27.** Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- **H30.** Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "mortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14**

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

12. This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school nr if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
  - (1) The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
  - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
  - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
  - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20**

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
  - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
    - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
    - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
    - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
    - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
  - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
  - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
  - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- 20. Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26**

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

#### Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

#### Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
  - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
  - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark **Drive alone**.
  - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- 25. If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
  - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29**

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
  - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33**

30. If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle:

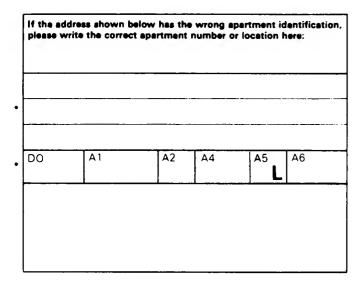
Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
  - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
  - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
  - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
  - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- e. Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.
  - Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
- 33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

# 1980 Census of the United States



# Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

# Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal. State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Please continue.

# How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household.

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

# Question 1

#### List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

## Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

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#### Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box  $\square$ .

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only,
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue

ge 2	_	ALSO ANSWER T	THE HOÚSING QUESTIONS ON PAGE 3		
Here are the QUESTIONS  These are the columns for ANSWERS		PERSON in column 1 Lest name	PERSON in column 2 Last name		
<b>↓</b>	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initial		
<ul> <li>Person listed in Question 1.</li> <li>2. How is this person related to the person in column 1?</li> <li>Fill one circle.</li> <li>If "Other relative" of person in column 1, give exact relationship, such as mother-in-law, niece, grandson, etc.</li> </ul>		START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1:  Husband/wife   Father/mother Son/daughter   Other relative Brother/sister    If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder   Other nonrelative Partner, roommate Paid employee		
3. Sex Fill one	e circle.	○ Male	○ Male		
4. Is this person		<ul> <li>White</li> <li>Black or Negro</li> <li>Hawaiian</li> <li>Japanese</li> <li>Guamanian</li> <li>Chine'se</li> <li>Samoan</li> <li>Filipino</li> <li>Eskimo</li> <li>Korean</li> <li>Aleut</li> <li>Vietnamese</li> <li>Other — Specify —</li> <li>Indian (Amer.)</li> <li>Print</li> <li>tribe</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>White</li> <li>Black or Negro</li> <li>Hawaiian</li> <li>Japanese</li> <li>Guarmanian</li> <li>Chinese</li> <li>Sarmoan</li> <li>Filipino</li> <li>Eskimo</li> <li>Korean</li> <li>Aleut</li> <li>Vietnamese</li> <li>Other — Specify —</li> <li>Indian (Amer.)</li> <li>Print</li> <li>tribe</li> </ul>		
5. Age, and me	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday 1   1	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday		
a. Print age at	last birthday.		1 • 8 0 0 0 0		
b. Print month	and fili one circle.	b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0	b. Month of   -   9   1   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0		
c. Print year in below each i	n the spaces, and fill one circle number.	birth 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	birth 2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		
6. Marital state Fill one circle		<ul> <li>○ Now married</li> <li>○ Separated</li> <li>○ Widowed</li> <li>○ Never married</li> <li>○ Divorced</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>○ Now married</li> <li>○ Separated</li> <li>○ Widowed</li> <li>○ Never married</li> <li>○ Divorced</li> </ul>		
7. Is this person origin or de		<ul> <li>No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</li> <li>Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano</li> <li>Yes, Puerto Rican</li> <li>Yes, Cuban</li> <li>Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No (not Spanish/Hispanic)</li> <li>Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano</li> <li>Yes, Puerto Rican</li> <li>Yes, Cuban</li> <li>Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic</li> </ul>		
attended re any time? kindergarten, et	pary 1, 1980, has this person gular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, dementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	<ul> <li>No, has not attended since February 1</li> <li>Yes, public school, public college</li> <li>Yes, private, church-related</li> <li>Yes, private, not church-related</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>No, has not attended since February 1</li> <li>Yes, public school, public college</li> <li>Yes, private, church-related</li> <li>Yes, private, not church-related</li> </ul>		
regular sch attended? Fill one circle If now attend person is in.	highest grade (or year) of cool this person has ever  c.  ling school, mark grade  If high school was finished  cy test (GED), mark "12."	Highest grade attended:  Nursery school  Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12  College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more	Highest grade attended:  Nursery school  Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12  College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 ar more		
	erson finish the highest year) attended?	Now attending this grade (or year)  Finished this grade (or year)	Now attending this grade (ar year)  Finished this grade (or year)		
FIII one circ	le.	O Did not finish this grade (or year)	O Did not finish this grade (or year)		
		CENSUS A. OI ON OO	CENSUS A. OI ON OO		

Page 3 NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1-H12 **PERSON** in column 7 If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1 FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD please see note on page 20. Middle initial First name H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a condominium? if the person should be listed - for example, a new baby still in the hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here If relative of person in column 1: Yes, a condominium once in a while and has no other home? ○ Father/mother ○ Husband/wife H10. If this is a one-family house -○ Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out. Son/daughter Other relative a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres? Brother/sister O No Yes O No H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now -If not related to person in column 1: for example, on a vacation or in a hospital? b. Is any part of the property used as a O Roomer, boarder 1 O Other nonrelative commercial establishment or medical office? Partner, roommate Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away. O No O No Paid employee H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed? H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium ○ Male Female unit which you own or are buying -O Yes - On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one What is the value of this property, that is, how O White Asian Indian at the home address to report the person to a census taker. much do you think this property (house and lot or O No 0 Black or Negro Hawaiian condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale? Guamanian Japanese H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this Chinese Samoan 0 0 address? Do not answer this question if this is -Filipino Eskimo · A mobile home or trailer Korean Aleut 2 apartments or living quarters A house on 10 or more acres Vietnamese ○ Other — Specify A house with a commercial establishment 3 Indian (Amer.)  $\bigcirc$ 3 apartments or living quarters or medical office on the property Print 4 apartments or living quarters tribe -O 5 apartments or living quarters Less than \$10,000 O \$50,000 to \$54,999 6 apartments or living quarters Age at last c. Year of birth \$10,000 to \$14,999 \$55,000 to \$59,999 0 7 apartments or living quarters birthday \$15,000 to \$17,499  $\circ$ \$60,000 to \$64,999 8 apartments or living quarters \$17,500 to \$19,999 0 \$65,000 to \$69,999 18 0 00 00 0 9 apartments or living quarters \$70,000 to \$74,999 \$20,000 to \$22,499 9 0 10 10 10 or more apartments or living quarters b. Month of \$22,500 to \$24,999 0 \$75,000 to \$79,999 2 0 2 0 birth O This is a mobile home or trailer O 3 0 3 0 \$25,000 to \$27,499 0 \$80,000 to \$89,999 H5. Do you enter your living quarters -\$27,500 to \$29,999 \$90,000 to \$99,999 9 4 0 4 0 5 0 \$30,000 to \$34,999 \$100,000 to \$124,999 5 0 O Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? \$125,000 to \$149,999 2 Jan.—Mar. 6 0 6 0 0 \$35,000 to \$39,999  $\circ$ O Through someone else's living quarters? \$40,000 to \$44,999 0 \$150,000 to \$199,999 G Apr.-June 7 0 7 0 la 0 18 0 H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, \$45,000 to \$49,999 O \$200,000 or more 0 July-Sept. c;-Oct.-Dec. 9 0 9 0 that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters -. What is the monthly rent? Separated Now married Yes, for this household only If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction Ι O Widowed O Never married Yes, but also used by another household quide on how to figure a monthly rent. O Divorced O No, have some but not all plumbing facilities O Less than \$50 O \$160 to \$169 O No plumbing facilities in living quarters O No (not Spanish/Hispanic) \$50 to \$59 O \$170 to \$179 O Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? \$60 to \$69 \$180 to \$189 Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. \$70 to \$79 Yes, Puerto Rican \$190 to \$199 0 \$80 to \$89 0 \$200 to \$224 O Yes, Cuban O 1 room O 4 moms O 7 rooms O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic \$90 to \$99 0 \$225 to \$249 5 rooms O 8 rooms 2 rooms O 6 rooms  $\circ$ O 3 rooms O 9 or more rooms \$100 to \$109 \$250 to \$274 O No, has not attended since February 1 0 0 \$275 to \$299 \$110 to \$119 O Yes, public school, public college H8. Are your living quarters \$120 to \$129  $\circ$ \$300 to \$349 Yes, private, church-related \$130 to \$139 \$350 to \$399 Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? O Yes, private, not church-related 0 \$140 to \$149 \$400 to \$499 O Rented for cash rent? O Occupied without payment of cash rent? \$150 to \$159 0 \$500 or more Highest grade attended: FOR CENSUS USE ONLY Nursery school Kindergarten F. Total A4. Block D. Months vacant A6. Serial B. Type of unit or quarters For vacant units Elementary through high school (grade or year) number number C1. Is this unit for persons 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Occupied O Less than 1 month Year round use 000000 00 000 0 O First form ○ 1 up to 2 months O Seasonal/Mig. — Skip C2, 2 up to 6 months Continuation College (academic year) 000 000 0000 C3, and D. C2. Vacancy status O 6 up to 12 months 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more III I I I III <u>Vacant</u> s s s 2 2 2 O 1 year up to 2 years 00000000 5 5 5 For rent O Regular 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 O For sale only O 2 or more years O Never attended school-Skip question 10 Usual home 999 9-9-9-9-Rented or sold, not occupied <u>G</u>-9- 9elsewhere E. Indicators 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 O Now attending this grade (or year) 5 5 5 Held for occasional use 1. O O Mail return 666 6666 O Other vacant 666 **Group quarters** O Finished this grade (or year) ? ? ? ? 2. O O Pop./F 777 O Did not finish this grade (or year) 7 7 7 C3. Is this unit boarded up? O First form 888 8888 888

Continuation

O Yes

O No

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OUR HOUSEHOLD	1				
lease answer H30H32 if you live in a one-family house which you own or are buying, <u>unless</u> this is —					
A mobile home or trailer					
• A house on 10 or more acres	ou rent your unit or this is a				
	skip H30 to H32 and turn to page 6.				
A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property					
hat were the real estate taxes on this property last year?	c. How much is your total regular monthly payment to the lender?				
	Also Include payments on a contract to purchase and to lenders holding second or junior mortgages on this property.				
\$ .00 OR O None					
nat is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?	\$ .00 OR O No regular payment required — Ski				
lat is the annual premium for the and hazard insurance on time property.	d. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include				
\$ .00 OR O None	payments for real estate taxes on this property?				
<b>I</b>	C Yes, taxes included in payment				
Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?	No, taxes paid separately or taxes not required				
O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt	e. Does your regular monthly payment (amount entered in H32c) include payments for fire and hazard insurance on this property?				
Yes, contract to purchase	Yes, insurance included in payment				
○ No — Skip to page 6	No, insurance paid separately or no insurance				
o you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?					
○ Yes ○ No	-				
	Please turn to page 6				
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age 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FOR			
Name of Person 1 on page 2:  Last name First name Middle initial	16. When was this person born?  Barn before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33  Born April 1965 ar later — Turn to next page for next person	22a. Did this person work at any time last week?  O Yes — Fill this circle If this O No — Fill this circle person worked full if this person did not work, (Count part-time work or did only own			
11. In what State or foreign country was this person born? Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?  O Yes  No  b. Attending college?	such as delivering papers, housework, or helping without pay in school work, a family business or farm. or volunteer  Also count active duty work, in the Armed Forces.)			
Name of State of Stat	○ Yes ○ No	Skip to 25 b. How many hours did this person work last week			
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.  12. If this person was born in a foreign country —  a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?	c. Working at a job or business?  O Yes, full time O No O Yes, part time	(at all jobs)?  Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.			
<ul> <li>Yes, a naturalized citizen</li> <li>No, not a citizen</li> <li>Born abroad of American parents</li> </ul>	18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States?  If service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see instruction guide.	23. At what location did this person work last week?  If this person worked at more than one location, print			
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?	○ Yes ○ No — <i>Skip to 19</i> b. Was active duty military service during —	where he or she worked most last week.  If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.			
○ 1970 to 1974 ○ 1960 to 1964 ○ Before 1950	Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.  May 1975 or later  Vietnam era (August 1964–April 1975)  February 1955—July 1964	a. Address (Number and street)			
13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?  O Yes  No, only speaks English — Skip to 14	<ul> <li>Korean conflict (June 1950—January 1955)</li> <li>World War II (September 1940—July 1947)</li> <li>World War I (April 1917—November 1918)</li> <li>Any other time</li> </ul>	If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description.  b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.			
b. What is this language?  ' (For example – Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)  c. How well does this person speak English?	19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which  a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?  O Yes  O No, in unincorporated area			
O Very well O Well O Not at all	b. Prevents this person from working at a job?   c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	d. County			
14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.	20. If this person is a female — None 1 2 3 4 5 6  How many babies has she ever 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)?			
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)		b. How did this person usually get to work last week?			
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)?  If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place	Once O More than once  b. Month and year Month and year	If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance.   Car  Taxicab			
of residence there.	of marriage? of first marriage?	O Truck   O Motorcycle			
<ul> <li>Born April 1975 or later - Turn to next page for         next person</li> <li>Yes, this house - Skip to 16</li> </ul>	(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year)	O Van O Bicycle O Bus or streetcar O Walked only			
— O No, different house	c. If married more than once - Did the first marriage	O Railroad O Worked at home O Subway or elevated O Öther — Specify			
b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?  O Yes  O No	If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.			
(1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.:	Per. 11.         13b.         14.           No. 0         0         0         0           I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	15b. 23.			
(2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.:	3     4     4 <td>  3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3</td>	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3			
(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.?  O Yes O No, in unincorporated area	7     7 <td>  7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7</td>	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7			

NSUN TUN PAGE 2					Page
c. When going to work <u>last week</u> , did this person usually —  O Drive alone — Skip to 28  O Drive others only	CENSUS USE	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	r a few	CENSU	S USE ONLY
Share driving     Ride as passenger only	21b.	○ Yes 📓 ○ No — Ski,	to 31d	31b. 31	
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	0 1 1				
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	6.8	b. How many weeks did this person work in 197		8 - 8	8 8 8
0 2 0 4 0 6 0 3 0 5 0 7 or more	044	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military seri	ice,	1	3   3 3
After answering 24d, skip to 28.	m 5	Weeks			4-4-4-55
25. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	066	c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many	nours did		6 6
or business <u>last week?</u>	IV S S	this person usually work each week?		1	7 7
Yes, on layoff	0 0 0	Hours			8   8
<ul> <li>Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.</li> <li>No</li> </ul>	22b.				
200 Handhin ann an hair de an hai		d. Of the weeks <u>not worked</u> in 1979 (if any), how was this person looking for work or on layoff for work or on the layoff for work or on the layoff for work or one wo	many week		, 525.
26a. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?  — O Yes O No — Skip to 27	l I		om a job.	1 1 1 1	
	ક ક	Weeks	_	1 7 2 8	
b. Could this person have taken a job <u>last week?</u>	3 3	32. Income in 1979 —		3 × 3 3	
O No, already has a job	5 5	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.  If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar	con our t	5 5 5 5	1
No, temporarily ill No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	· · · ·	If exact amount is not known, give best estimate. For		6666	
O Yes, could have taken a job	6 C	received jointly by household members, see instruction	gulde.	7 7 7 7	1
27. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	5)	During 1979 did this person receive any income	from the	# 8 8 8 8   S - S -	1 ' '
○ 1980 ○ 1978 ○ 1970 to 1974 )	00	following sources?		AC	1 ' '
○ 1979 ○ 1975 to 1977 ○ 1969 or earlier > Skip to	28. A B C	If "Yes" to any of the sources below — How much o	id this	32c.	32d.
Never worked 31d	003	person receive for the entire year?		0000	0000
28-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips f all jobs Report amount before deductions for		I I I I	
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	50	dues, or other items.	10,223, 00,703,	3333	
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which this person worked the most hours.	GHJ	○ Yes → \$	.00	444	
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for	200	O No (Annual amount -	Dollars)	5 1 5 5	
last job or business since 197S.	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or profess	ional	6666	
28. Industry	20.	practice Report net Income after business exp	enses.	8 8 8 8	
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.		? Yes → \$	.00	0000	
	111	(Annual amount –	Dollars)	OAI	O A O
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)		c. Own farm. , .		32e.	32f.
b. What kind of business or industry was this?		Report <u>net</u> income after operating expenses. Include a a tenant farmer or sharecropper.	earnings as	0000	
Describe the activity at location where employed.	,	○ Yes → ¢	.00	1 1 1	111
	1 r.	O No (Annual amount –		33 4	
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,	( :-:	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental inco		0 9-0	9-9-9
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)  c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)		Report even small amounts credited to an account.		666	
Manufacturing Retail trade	AF O	> Yes → \$	.00	1 7 7	: 1
Wholesale trade Other — (agriculture, construction, service, government, etc.)	NW -	O No (Annual amount –	Dollars)	8.4.5	1
29. Occupation		e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement		999	55.1
a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29.	○ Yes → §	.00	32g.	33.
	N P Q	O No (Annual amount –	Dollars)	0000	0000
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of	RST	f. Supplemental Security (SSI). Aid to Families w		2 2 2 2	3 3 5 5
order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator) b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	000	Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public as or public welfare payments	sistance	3 3 3 3	
o. What were this person's most important activities of duties:	υvw	○ Yes → •	••	5 7 5 5	5 5 5 5
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising	000	O No (Annual amount -	.00	6666	6666
order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' paym	· · · · · ·	7777	7777
30. Was this person — (Fill one circle)	000	pensions, alimony or child support, or any other		8888	8888
Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	(1)	of income received regularly		853	0 A 0
	II	Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an a or the sale of a home.	nheritance		<del></del>
Federal government employee	ic	Of the sale of thome,  ○ Yes → €	00	}	S S S S S I I I I I I
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	3 3 3	No (Annual amount –	.00		3 3 3 3
Self-employed in own business,		33. What was this person's total income in 1979?	Donars)	9-9-9-	0, 0, 0, 0,
professional practice, or farm —	666	Add entries in questions 32a		5 5 5	5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6
Own business not incorporated	7 1 2 4 14 18	through g; subtract any losses.	.00	77 7	1 1
OWIT DUSINESS INCORDURATED	2 7 75	(Annual amount -	Dollars)		ର ଚନ୍ଦ୍ର
Working without pay in family business or farm	1) , 0	If total amount was a loss,		1	9 999

# Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

GENERAL	PUBLICATIONS—Con.
PUBLICATIONS F-1	HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-
	tial Finance F-4
Population and Housing Census	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary
Reports F-1	Reports F-4
PHC80-1, Block Statistics F-1	Evaluation and Reference
PHC80-2, Census Tracts F-2	
PHC80-3, Summary Charac- teristics for Governmental	•
Units and Standard Metro-	PHC80-E, Evaluation and
politan Statistical Areas F-2	Research Reports F-4
PHC80-4, Congressional	PHC80-R, Reference Reports. F-4
Districts of the 98th	PHC80-R1, Users' Guide F-4
Congress F-2	PHC80-R2, History F-4
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical
Estimates of Social, Eco-	Index of Industries and
nomic, and Housing	Occupations F-4
Characteristics F-2	PHC80-R4, Classified
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-	Index of Industries and
mates of Social, Economic,	Occupations F-4
and Housing Characteristics . F-2	PHC80-R5, Geographic
Population Census Reports F-2	Identification Code
PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	Scheme
teristics of the Population F-2	COMPUTER TAPES F-4
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-	Summary Tape Files F-4
ber of Inhabitants F_2	STF 1 F-4
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	STF 2 F-4
Population Characteristics . F-2	STF 3 F–4
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	STF 4 F–5
Social and Economic	STF 5
Characteristics F-3	Other Computer Tape Files F-5
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	P.L. 94-171, Population
Detailed Population	Counts F-5
Characteristics F-3	Master Area Reference Files
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	1 and 2 (MARF) F-5
Reports F-3	Geographic Base File/Dual
PC80-S1, Supplementary	Independent Map Encoding
Reports F-3	(GBF/D1ME) F-5
Housing Census Reports F-3	Public-Use Microdata
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	SamplesF-5
teristics of Housing Units F-3	Census/EEO Special File F-5
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,	MAPS F-5
General Housing	MICROFICHE F-5
Characteristics F-3	STF 1 Microfiche F-5
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,	STF 3 Microfiche F-5
Detailed Housing	P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche F-5
Characteristics F-3	
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-	
politan Housing	0511571
Characteristics F-3	GENERAL
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	The results of the 1980 Census of Popu-
Reports F-3	
HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-	lation and Housing are issued in three
nents of Inventory Change F_3	forms: printed reports, computer tape

nents of Inventory Change. . F-3

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

# **PUBLICATIONS**

# Population and Housing **Census Reports**

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather

than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are snown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

# **Population Census Reports**

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory, of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veteran status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and cross-classified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

# **Housing Census Reports**

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units—This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants. SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance— This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of non-farm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

# **Evaluation and Reference Reports**

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

#### **COMPUTER TAPES**

# Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2.500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

### Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

#### **MAPS**

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

## **MICROFICHE**

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

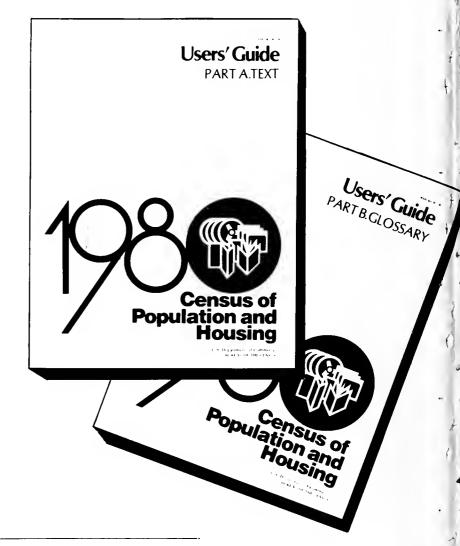
# 1980 Census of Population and Housing

# **Users' Guide**

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text—Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.

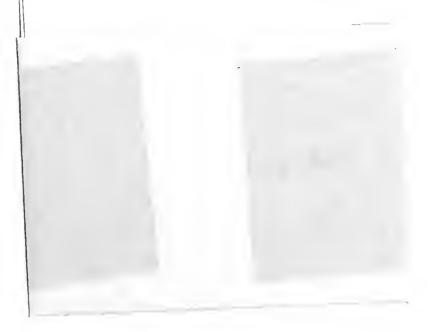


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Part A. Text (S/N 003-024-03625-8)—\$5.50. Supplement 1 (S/N 003-024-05004-8)—\$6.00 (includes Part B. Glossary, Sources of Assistance, and Updates)

Census HD .1293 .A56x 1983 v.2 pt. 97 c.2 Census of housing (1980).

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Census of Housing

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